The Middletown Transcript.

VOL. XXV.—NO. 35. MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, SEPTEMBER 1, 1892. PRICE, 3 CENTS.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

The Great Wilmington Fair.

SEPTEMBER 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th, '92,

AT WILMINGTON, DEL.

An Industrial Exhibition Unchallenged

in the Height of its Aims, the Magnitude of its Scope

and the Completeness of its Success

TROTTING, RUNNING & PACING RACES

EVERY DAY BY FAMOUS RECORD BREAKERS.

☞ **Excursion Rates on all Railroads!**

E. B. SHURTER, Secretary. JESSE K. BAYLIS, Manager.

Cecil County Fair, ELKTON, MD.

SEPTEMBER 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th, 1892.

$8,000 IN PREMIUMS.

POOLS WILL BE SOLD ON THE GROUNDS.

FOUR TRIALS OF SPEED DAILY!

Big show of Blooded Animals—Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry. Profusion of Grains, Fruits, Vegetables and Household Departments. In all departments previous efforts will be surpassed. Not a repitition of worn-out features.

MANY UNPRECEDENTED SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS!

Including Changing Races, Double Team Races and Standing Races by Champion Riders of the World.

WICHITA WILD WEST COMBINATION AND MANY OTHER THRILLING AND EXCITING EVENTS.

More SPECIAL PREMIUMS than ever before.

Ask your postmaster for a catalogue.

Excursion Rates on all Railroads.

JOHN PARTRIDGE, Secretary.

SUMMER - GOODS -

WE HAVE just opened a very large stock of Summer Dress Goods, such as Tissues, Organdies, Sateens, Challis, Chambrays, Ginghams, (both Domestic and Scotch), Summer Silks, &c. We have a large lot of Colored Silks, worth from 75c to 90c per yard, which we propose to sell at 50c per yard for making silk underskirts. Six yards of these goods will make a full skirt, which will cost $3.00 per skirt. The same silk skirt will cost at retail in the city from $6 to $8 a piece. This is the Biggest Bargain of the season.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, GIMPS, SURAHS, &c.,
MEN'S AND LADIES' UNDERWEAR,
CLOTHES AND CASSIMERES.

- - CLOTHING! - -

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, GROCERIES,
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*** Please call and see our stock as we can give you the variety to select from. Also, styles and prices. ***

W. H. MOORE AND CO.

Steam Ice Cream Manufactory.

ICE CREAM AT WHOLESALE

MANUFACTURED BY

The Rice Steam Ice Cream Manuf'g Co.,

OF MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

* * NO ADULTERATIONS OF ANY KIND USED. * *

Cream shipped to all parts of the Peninsula on short notice. Orders by telegraph will be promptly attended and goods shipped by next train.

DOMESTIC. **FRUITS!** FOREIGN.

Children's Toys of Every Variety Always on Hand

Middletown, Delaware. **E. B. RICE,** Middletown, Delaware.

GOLDEY WILMINGTON **COMMERCIAL COLLEGE** AND SCHOOL OF SHORT-HAND AND TYPE-WRITING, WILMINGTON DEL.

INSTITUTE BUILDING, 8TH AND MARKET STREETS.

Courses of study that will at once give young people of either sex a *means of livelihood* All competent graduates secure positions. Last year 359 students (93 ladies) from 83 places and 7 States attended this College. 52 graduates. *Individual instruction*; therefore new students enter at *any time*. College re-opens September 1st. Night sessions, Oct. 3d. A magnificent, full descriptive catalogue, with photo-engravings, mailed *free*. *Write for it* Reference: any prominent citizen of Wilmington. H. S. GOLDEY, PRINCIPAL.

DON'T BE DISCOURAGED.

There never was day so long
It did not have an end,
There was never a man so poor
He did not have a friend,
And when the long day finds an end
It brings the time of rest,
And he who has one steadfast friend
Should count himself as blest.

There never was a cloud that hid
The sunlight from our sight,
There never was a life so sad
It had not some delight,
Perchance for us the sun at last
May break the dark clouds through,
And life may hold a happiness
That never yet it knew.

So let's not be discouraged, friend,
When shadows cross our way.
Of trust and hope I've some to lend,
So borrow from me, pray.
Good friends are we, therefore not poor,
Through worldly wealth we lack.
Behold the sun shines forth at last,
And drives the dark clouds back.

A LEAF OF VILLAGE HISTORY.

ON a quiet by street in quaint, picturesque Mount Holly, which is the county seat of Burlington County, N J., dwell the aged descendants of a couple around whose lives, many, many years ago, was woven a tale which has passed down with generations as one of the few thrilling annals of the old Revolutionary town. And the two placid, kindly old maiden ladies who live there are not the least averse to recounting again and again, the story which has thrown around their dead and gone ancestors such a halo of interest, and which to this day clothes them with a mild reflection of the same. Rather, indeed, are they flattered that the curious stranger will condescend to interest himself with their "poor little history."

The two old ladies are the great grand-children of Ruth and James Cope, who supply the principal characters of the old-time story. It has never appeared in print before, and I am sure the reader will agree with me that not a whit of its thrilling interest is lost by reason of its antiquity.

—

Something over a hundred years ago, but a short time prior to the breaking out of the Revolutionary War, there lived in the village of Mount Holly, then known as Bridgeton, a maiden called Ruth Maisley. A fair slip of a girl was Ruth, with straight lissome figure, slim but well rounded withal, great gray eyes and a quantity of chestnut hair, worn after the manner of the Puritan damsels, in long glistening braids down the back.

In all the country round, chose and pick among the Revolutionary maidens as you would, none could be found who would with Ruth compare. The country swains with one accord bowed at her shrine, and were her willing servants. And right regally did 18-year-old Ruth accept the homage, rather, indeed, as her inborn due, than as an involuntary gift.

Many were the jealousies and heart-burnings which the little Ruth caused by her coquetry. The other village maidens envied in secret her fair face and form, but in public gave no sign. The emotions of a century ago, 'tis said, were better masked than ours, so to preserve the thread of the story, we may assume that no violent outbreaks of jealousy were induced by our heroine's beauty, but that she was popular with young and old alike.

Of the scores of young men, in town and out of it, for the latter far outnumbered the former, who held themselves most miserable when Ruth's smile rested not on them, there were but two who looked upon themselves, with any degree of hope, as possible winners of the object of their ardent adoration. These were James Cope, the son of a well-to-do farmer living just out of Bridgeton, and Clayton Monroe, who pursued the humble but honest trade of hat making in town.

James was a typical sturdy, sun-browned farmer lad just turned his majority Intelligence, of the practical, unsentimental type, was one of his strongest traits, and in the village, where none was better known than he, James was looked upon by housewives and maidens alike, as a "well-favored lad." And many were the soft eyes that glanced wistfully at him, as he sat, in all the discomfort of Sunday apparel, in the little Methodist chapel on Brainerd Street, upon the Sabbath Day.

Clayton, too, was sturdy, in a slighter fashion than his rivial. In that day of ruggedness, indeed, a tall, solid frame, and a well-built body were considered indispensable to perfect manhood. In point of feature, Clayton was handsomer than James. The sun had not obscured nor the wind roughened the clearness of his skin. He usually wore "store clothes," too, while James was obliged to content himself with homespun. Added to this, his residence in the town gave him increased facilities for seeing Ruth, of which advantage he was not slow to avail himself. Be it said, also, that Clayton, too, was a favorite among the townspeople.

The older and more staid villagers, who viewed the growing rivalry between the two lads with no less interest than did their sons and daughters, were disposed to look upon Clayton as just a little ahead in the race. But not from Ruth, forsooth, was this impression gained. No judge upon the bench could be more impartial than she in the distribution of her smiles and favors. The beholders, unprejudiced upon one or the other side, would not have given preference to either. And the contestants themselves, too, alternately hoping and fearing, were sorely puzzled as to the outcome.

One by one all of Ruth's suitors but these two fell away. They were forced to, in fact; for between James and Clayton every minute that Ruth could spare from her mother's kitchen, was monopolized by one or the other. Neither made any scruple of intruding upon the other when in Ruth's company, and for that reason the two rivals merged from a condition of quiet, friendly rivalry into bitter, uncompromising animosity. This unfortunate fact made it exceedingly uncomfortable for Ruth, who try as she would could not induce the slightest exchange of civilities between the two enemies while in her presence.

Back of Ruth's home stretched a meadow, on the far edge of which was a clump of tall maple trees. Under these had been constructed rustic seats, where to enjoy the cool of early evening Ruth and her gloomy-faced lovers were wont to go.

One August evening found them there in the accustomed spot. Upon a wide seat between two of the largest trees was seated Ruth, and at her feet, stretched at full length on the cool, sweet-smelling grass, lay James and Clayton. They were as far apart as possible to still preserve the smallest distance between themselves and the girl, who sat looking from one to the other with considerable perplexity. For a full half hour Ruth had been trying to set the conversational ball rolling, a proceeding which under the circumstances was fraught with grave difficulties, and indeed it seemed as she sat gazing upon them with mingled indignation and amusement, with almost unsurmountable obstacles.

"I declare, I think it's too bad!" the girl finally broke out. "Here I've been trying to talk to you for a long time, and hardly a word have I gotten out of you."

"You certainly can't expect me to enjoy your society," continued Ruth, as neither of the young men vouchsafed any answer, "a couple of more grumpy, disagreeable boys, I never saw."

"If you don't stop it, I'll go in the house," she went on, as silence yet was her only reply.

Then the recumbent youths manifested some interest.

"It's not my fault, Ruth," said James, raising himself on one elbow and looking up at her.

"I say it is your fault," broke in Clayton angrily, "wasn't I here first."

"It makes no difference if you were," James retorted, glaring across at him, "you've got no more right here than I have!"

"Oh, dear," ejaculated Ruth, in despair, "was there ever such a muddle as this."

"See here, Monroe, suddenly spoke up James. "I at least believe you have a little honor; now I'm willing to settle this matter here and now. We'll leave it to the girl herself whom she likes the best, and the one who loses never comes here again. Are you willing?"

Clayton meditated a moment. "Yes, I am," he said.

"Well, then, Ruth," continued James, turning to her, "say which one you care for most, and if its Monroe, I'll never intrude myself on you again. If I happen to be the lucky man, Monroe will have to be bound the same way."

The girl sat looking down upon the twain, with brows knit in anxious perplexity. Five—ten minutes passed, James and Clayton meanwhile looking intently at her with unwavering intensity.

"To tell the truth, boys," she finally said, with an embarrassed little laugh, "I don't know which one of you I do like the best."

"I like to have both of you with me," but as for saying which of you I could best spare, I can't do it. I honestly think I could be happy with either," she concluded,

In a moment as neither of the two youths spoke, she said in a low voice; "You settle it between yourselves, and I'll abide by the decision."

"Very well," broke in James, hardly waiting for her to stop, "we'll fight."

"Indeed you'll do nothing of the sort!" answered Ruth, vehemently. "I'll have nothing to do with either of you if you do."

"I'm willing to do anything," said Clayton. "I agree that it's better to settle it now if its possible. I'll fight if necessary."

"Shame on you!" cried the girl. "To think of two men wanting to pound each other like wild beasts over a thing like this. I'm ashamed of both of you."

"Are you willing to swim down from Dutch Fred's ice house, on the upper creek," James asked, looking aggressively at Clayton.

"Yes," answered he, "anything."

"Very well, then we'll swim down from the ice house, and whoever reaches the two mile crossing, now Hack's wharf, first, wins."

"All right," said Clayton, "I'm suited. When will this be?"

"Thursday—day after to-morrow," was the reply, "at nine o'clock in the morning."

"Very well," said Clayton. "I'll be there." And as early hours were the rule then, he bade Ruth good night, and strolled away in the dusk. James followed soon after.

The intervening day was spent by Ruth in a state of extreme mental excitement. Repeatedly she tried to decide in her own mind as to which of the young men was her favorite, but failure met her at every attempt.

When at last Thursday morning dawned, warm and clear, Ruth arose from a well-nigh sleepless couch, and prepared to dispose of the morning duties, that she might be present promptly at the scene of the contest In the meantime, the news of the race had become noised abroad, and several hours before 9 o'clock the farmer folks began to assemble along the wooded edge of the Rancocas Creek, which ran then, as now, between banks of wild and picturesque beauty. Just beyond what is now Hack's wharf, the spot selected as the finish, stood a long, low boat house, resting half upon the land and half upon piles in the water. It belonged to Clayton, and had been built by himself. Besides acting as a shelter for his boat, also home-made, that part of the shed resting on solid ground was utilized as a workshop. On one end Clayton had carved, in his idle moments, two monstrous initials "C. M."

At about half past 8 the two young men appeared, bringing with them home-made swimming trunks. Stepping into Clayton's boat they were rowed up the stream toward the starting point, a distance of perhaps one and a half miles. The faces of both were set and determined, and the flow of light talk and badinage from among the crowd did not move them.

The throng watched the boat out of sight, and until 9 o'clock, when they knew the swimmers must have started. But one man of the many possessed a watch, and numerous were the occasions upon which he was forced to produce it for the benefit of those less fortunate.

One quarter of an hour after another passed, but the group of watchers showed no waning of interest. Ruth stood at a little distance apart, silent and pale.

Suddenly a small boy, who had never moved his eyes from the point where the swimmers would be first seen, cried eagerly, "Here they come?" At this the spectators crowded close upon one another to secure a better view, and the stragglers came hurrying up. As the two heads came rising and falling around the bend of the stream, the large crowd stood motionless and silent, every eye fixed upon them When both were in full sight, however, closely followed by the boat, the spell was broken, and one of the men shouted excitedly, Monroe's ahead!"

"No! No! James is ahead!" contradicted half a score of his friends.

But as the swimmers forged slowly but steadily forward, coming nearer and nearer the finish, it was seen that hardly an inch intervened between James and Clayton. The faces of both were purple with their terrible exertion, and the breath came from between their parted lips in quick, strong gasps. Clayton's face especially, was livid, and his strained, bloodshot eyes rolled as he tried to secure the least advantage over his opponent.

Down they came, neck and neck, until fifteen feet more would see the race ended. So closely were their heads to the line that they might have been swimming together. The difference, if any, was not perceptible. All cries had by this time subsided, and in breathless eagerness the onlookers stood, awaiting the result, and ready and eager to cheer the victor, without regard to who that might be.

Slowly, almost imperceptibly, a few inches grew between the swimmers. Both were exhausted now, and moved very slowly. But that it was Clayton who was in the lead could easily be seen by all. He was making almost superhuman efforts, and was putting forth his last remaining strength in a final spurt. With distorted face and clinched teeth he continued to gain slowly.

As Ruth, too, saw this she was conscious of a vague feeling of disappointment. What was the cause? she asked herself. There could be but one cause, and as she watched and saw Clayton still gaining, Ruth realized despairingly that she wanted James to win with all her heart and soul. His sturdy self-reliance and independence, his readiness to do battle for her to decide his rights, had made an impression upon her which she had not recognized until the moment when it bade fair to be too late.

In the midst of her despairing emotion, which Ruth felt must certainly show itself in her face, she turned away her head. Suddenly a great cry went up from the crowd. She turned. Her heart gave a glad bound as she saw James now in the lead but a few feet from the old wharf. But why were the people hurrying to the edge of the water? Why were their faces so horror-stricken?

Ruth ran with them. She saw Clayton's head sink. It rose in a minute, but blood was flowing from his mouth. His eyes were fixed and unnatural. James, intent on the goal, heeding not his fellow-swimmer nor the horrified cries of the spectators, kept steadily on until his hand, trembling and exhausted, touched the wharf's edge. He turned triumphantly to look at Clayton, but his expression changed to one of alarm as he saw his ghastly appearance. Back he pushed, overpowering his exhaustion, and assisted in lifting the all but unconscious youth from the water and into the boat-house near by.

A doctor was among the spectators, and went in with them. Ruth went in too, unnoticed by all. The physician bent over the prostrate figure a few moments, while the blood continued to well up in a small, bright stream. Then he shook his head.

"The boy's broken a large blood-vessel," he said laconically. "He can't live."

Clayton heard the words and slowly opened his eyes. "Are you sure?" he whispered.

The physician nodded his head sadly. The eyes closed again.

"Oh, doctor!" cried Ruth, pushing through the crowd, forgetful of all save her part in the accident. Don't let him die this way! can't you do something?"

"No," said the physician. "Nothing."

"And I was the cause of it all!" sobbed the poor girl, as she turned to go away. "I'm the one that killed him!"

Clayton opened his half-closed eyes again at the sound of her sobs and feebly put out one hand toward her. She threw herself down by his side and bowed her head upon his hand

No sound broke the stillness save Ruth's sobs. One by one the men, awed and touched, went softly out of the boat house. Then Clayton opened his eyes again.

"Ruth," he said, faintly, "promise me something."

"Anything, dear," she sobbed.

"It's a good deal to ask, perhaps," he went on, in a scarcely audible voice, "but I would have won if this hadn't have happened. You belong to me by rights.

The girl made no answer, save a renewed burst of weeping.

"Promise me, Ruth, to stay mine as long as those initials are there."

And he made a movement of the hand toward the large letters carved in the end of the boat house.

"I promise, Clayton," Ruth sobbed.

Just then the men returned with a stretcher, upon which the dying boy was placed and carried tenderly home to his stricken parents. As the shades of evening fell he died. Ruth gave herself up to uncontrollable grief.

Upon the succeeding events of the story we can touch but briefly. For many months after the fatal race, the sadness of Clayton's ill-timed death lingered upon the community. Then, slowly, in the inevitable way of all hurts, the wound yielded to the great healer, time, and the dead boy's friends began to recover from the shock. They did not forget, far from it, but the sad details came to be seen through the mist of long interval, rather than clearly, as before.

And who shall censure Ruth if she, too, began to recover her wonted spirits, and to look upon life as, after all, not all lost. Youth is elastic. Her regret was none the less fervent and sincere because it yielded to time. Clayton's memory was cherished never more warmly, but still she realized that James held the chief place in her heart. Who, I say, shall blame her if, by and by, this came to be the one feature of her life?

Two years have passed. Staunch as a rock still stands the boat house, and boldly as ever shine out the huge initials, a canstant reminder. The August sun again shines upon the quiet little village, and upon the clump of trees in the meadow where we saw Ruth and her two lovers two years ago.

It is just setting now and Ruth is there again. She is older, more mature looking, but none the less fair to look upon. The years have done well for James, too, who, as before, lies on the grass at her feet. He is a handsome man now; a man of whom any girl might be proud. So Ruth thinks as she looks down upon him.

"Do you remember just two years ago, James?" she asks.

"Will I ever forget it do you think?" is his reply.

He sighs and turns away his head. He knows the promise which keeps them apart, and it chafes him deeply. Ruth, too, sighs. Many and many have been the conflicts which she has had with her conscience to keep from regretting the promise made to Clayton those two years ago. A great longing fills her heart as she sits there, looking with unseeing eyes at the dying sun. But in that desire the thought of violating the sanctity of that promise finds no part.

James looks up and meets her eye.

"Do you think it just, Ruth?" he asks wistfully.

"Don't ask me, James," she answers unsteadily, and her eyes fill.

"Is there no hope for me, then?" he goes on.

"Oh, James!" cries the girl, desperately, "don't tempt me! You know I musn't listen while things are as they are!"

And then he pleads with her, eloquently, and as only a lover who has waited two long years can. There is no thought of unfaithfulness toward his dead rival in his mind, but two years banish many a scar, and he cannot admit the justice of a promise which steals the happiness of two lives. But the girl is firm through it all. She admits that she loves him, but she cannot turn her back upon her pledged word, she says.

"Well, then, Ruth, good-bye," he says, after a time.

She looks up inquiringly.

"I must not stay here," James continues. "I can't. I must go. I'll come back if ever there's any reason."

"Good-bye, dear," she says, softly, and he goes.

After that night, for many a long month, Ruth Maisley did not see James Cope again. The burden which never left her, in her lonely life, seemed often greater than she could bear. Her friends wondered at her indifference to the modest gaieties of the village—she, who had formerly been their life. But Ruth suffered alone, making a confidant of no one, but bearing in silence the ache that well-nigh everwhelmed her.

The Fall and Winter which followed were seasons of almost constant storm. All the terrific powers of the elements unleashed themselves, and beat with unmitigated fury upon the entire East. The little village of Bridgetown, thought the residents, came in for a too-large share of the weather's severity. The Rancocas Creek, the scene of the ill-fated swimming race of two years betore, lost all resemblance to its quiet, placid self; and rose in mighty torrent, covering a good part of lower Bridgetown. The still stauch boat house was almost completely submerged, but gave no sign of weakness.

One night in early February of the Spring which followed, after a Winter of almost unprecedentd rigor, in which flood after flood had risen and subsided, only to rise again, there came the final freshet of the breaking up season. All the lower section of the village was quite submerged, and the sullen waters, piled high with jagged ice cakes, rushed at will through the dismantled streets. For a night and a day the flood held full sway. Then it fell quite as rapidly as it had risen, owing to the breaking of a huge dam far down the stream.

The land, again rendered visible by the subsidence of the waters, bore just the same appearance as before, with one exception. The old boat house, staunch and steady until forced by a power stronge than itself to yield, had disappeared. No trace of it remained, save here and there a broken piece of timber drifting on the creek's muddy bosom.

The sequel. Surely there could be but one. James Cope walked up the path to the door of the Maisley cottage two days after the flood had subsided, taking with it the old boat house. And the maiden Ruth faithful to the last in her promise to the dead Clayton, but released now from its observance, withheld no longer from her lover his rightful due, won through long and patient waiting.

This is the story which the great grand children of Ruth and James Cope told to me, on a late Summer evening as we sat in a flower grown cottage, built upon the same spot where the home of Ruth Maisley, their ancestor, stood a century ago. And as they told it, through their voices ran a note of loving pride for the grand-dame who was unshaken in her fidelity, and of pity for him whose descendents, had his life not been sacrificed in heroic efforts, they might have been.—Elton J. Buckley, in the Philadelphia Press.

So many have been cured of rheumatism by Hood's Sarsaparilla that we urge all who suffer from the disease to try this medicine.

THE OLD SUBSCRIBER.

Been taking of the paper
For fifty years or more;
The very first subscriber
That loomed up in the door;

Knew all the ancient editors
Who made the sheet "a gem,"
And still kept on subscribing
When the country buried them.

Was there before the railroads
The Indian and the bear;
When they had measles once a month
And preaching twice a year.

He's seen three generations
Of editors go down,
And now he's waiting to attend
The funeral of the town.

Atlanta Constitution.

Chloroform in Typhoid Fever.

Dr P. Werner, physician to the German Hospital at St. Petersburg, has treated with the greatest success, so says Merck's Bulletin, 139 cases of typhoid fever by using a one per cent. solution of chloroform (La Sem. Med.) In pursuing this form of treatment the author was prompted by the work of Behring on the microbicide action of chloroform upon the bacillus of typhoid fever; but he was not familiar with the observations of Dr. Stepp, of Nuremberg, who, in 1890, successfully administered chloroform in cases of typhoid fever.

Dr. Werner employed, as has already been said, a one per cent. solution of chloroform, the patients taking one to two tablespoonfuls every hour or two, night and day, without interruption, as long as the fever was at its height.

As the disease abated, the dose was progressively diminished, although, even after the fever had completely disappeared, the medicine was continued for some time, several teaspoonfuls being given each day.

In all the cases were this treatment commenced before the tenth day of the disease, the most favorable results were obtained; the patients did not present the regular typhoid condition; the general symptoms were limited to fever, with feebleness and want of appetite; the tongue never got into that coated, dirty, and loathsome condition so characteristic of typhoid fever; the thirst habitually so intense, disappeared in about two days; and the diarrhœa and meteorism progressively diminished and soon disappeared altogether. Bed sores were never observed, and relapses were very rare.

When the treatment with chloroform was commenced late, the disease being already in the third week, such extremely favorable results were not attained; but, even in such cases, the treatment proved very useful, and was always well borne. Nevertheless, in four cases Dr. Werner observed a jaundice, which in one instance was sufficiently pronounced to advise a suspension of the medicine. Three of these cases were in children; the fourth occured in a young man.

It might be remarked in conclusion that the observations of Dr. Werner agree in every respect with those of Dr. Stepp. The treatment of typhoid fever by chloroform appears to be deserving of the attention of the practitioner, not only on account of its efficacy, which has been proved by two investigators indepent of each other, but also because of its great simplicity.—Scientific American.

Skirt Dancing in English Homes.

Skirt dancing is an established fact in what is known as the "smart set" here in London. I have seen lately accounts in American papars of Lady "So and So's" "large feet" and of Countess "This and That's" "heliotrope hosiery," but I went to an "at home" last week in a spendid house not many miles from Queen Anne's Gate, where at a given signal the pretty daughter of the house, a young lady in her first season, tripped into the middle of the big reception room and began a dance that for grace, abandon and high kicking quite came up to the exalted pas euls of professionals of long standing. The girl's mother stood by, evidently proud and pleased to see her daughter display such agility, and as the dainty little white silk-clad feet flashed as high as her head this fin-de-siecle women whispered to a man whose blase and aristocratic face seemed rather less bored than usual some questions evidently concerning this fair young creature's prettiness and airy grace. —London letter to Chicago Herald.

What is lacking is truth and confidence. If there were absolute on the one hand and absolute confidence on the other, it wouldn't be necessary for the makers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy to back up a plain statement of fact by a $500 guarantee. They say—"If we can't cure *you* (make it personal. please,) of catarrh in the head, in any form or stage, we'll pay you $500 for your trouble in making the trial." "An advertising fake," you say. Funny, isn't it, how some people prefer sickness to health when the remedy is positive and guarantee *absolute* Wise men don't put *money* back of "fakes." And "faking" dosen't pay.

The Transcript

ABRAM VANDEGRIFT,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of fifty cents an inch for the first insertion and twenty-five cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers.

Local Notices five cents a line for the first insertion. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free.

Subscription Price, one dollar per annum in advance. Single copy, three cents.

Objectionable medicine notices and questionable advertisements of any nature whatsoever are not taken at any price.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $1 00 A YEAR.

Thursday Afternoon, Sept. 1, 1892

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

FOR PRESIDENT:
GROVER CLEVELAND.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,
CHARLES B. LORE,
EZEKIEL W. COOPER,
WILLIAM H. COLBOURN.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS
JOHN W. CAUSEY.

FOR SHERIFF,
JAMES J. TONER,

FOR CORONER,
JAMES H. KIRK,

FOR RECEIVER OF TAXES AND COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN T. DICKEY,

FOR COUNTY COMPTROLLER,
JOHN F. STAATS.

LAST year we imported $43,000,000 worth of woolen goods on which the tariff was $35,000,006, or 80 per cent. The cost of every dollar's worth of that material to the man or woman who bought it to wear was increased by the "beneficent" tariff, the profits of the importer, jobber and retail merchant *upon the amount of the tariff levied*, to about $2.70. What better proof is needed to convince the consumers—which means every man, woman and child—that the taxes levied upon imports by the tariff laws of this country are paid by the consumer and not by the foreign manufacturer, as our McKinley friends contend.

"NEWS BIRDS" are treacherous little things at their best, as they frequently give rise to erroneous impressions, and, that such a staid and conservative newspaper as the *New Era* should pin its faith to the "whisperings" of those mischievous little things, surprises us. For the edification of our esteemed contemporary we will say that the TRANSCRIPT has not changed hands, nor is it about to do it. Mr. Young, for the present, is associate editor of the TRANSCIPT, and, if we mistake not will be of material assistence in making it the brightest, newsiest, and most popular and influential weekly newspaper on the Peninsula. Arrangements have already been made to secure local, as well as general, news up to the hour of going to press, and, with a corps of reliable and intelligent correspondents, that object is already within sight.

THE present campaign is a most important one to the Democratic party in this State, in fact it can be said to be a crisis, and unless every man that is a lover of, and desires, a pure and *free* government by and for the people, puts his shoulder to the wheel, and works and votes for every candidate on the ticket, defeat is certain. No true or conscientious Democrat can afford to remain away from the Primary elections, for there is where the safe-guard of the party lies. If every man in the party were to go to the polls on the 10th inst., and vote for the candidate for nomination who, in their judgment, is the best fitted for the office to which he aspires, the Democratic party in this state need not fear any ticket of the opposite party that has been dictated by the most corrupt ring that ever existed in the Diamond State.

THE *Daily Republican*, like all other fire-eating Republican journals, overreaches itself occasionally when criticizing the attitude of Democracy toward the country at large. It charges the Democratic party with having made the bloodiest war of modern times to maintain slavery in the Southern States, and in the same article says: "The Southern States were determined to secede and the Democratic party would have allowed them to go rather than to make war to keep them in the union." That any newspaper of to-day should descend to waving the "bloody shirt" is a mystery, as the people of this Republic have so repeatedly frowned upon every attempt to resurrect it, as to bring into disrepute every paper engaged in the work of sowing the seeds of discord and disruption. The contradictory remarks of the *Republican* are not surprising, as the falsehood was never yet told that was not eventually found out, but it is seldom that the truth is so quickly vindicated.

THE *Daily Republican* of last evening has the following: "Mr. Cleveland joined the choir of calamity in his letter of acceptance." When Mr. Cleveland sent his great ariff reform message to Congress he prophesied just such calamities as have befallen the workingmen of this country if the manufacturers were permittted to rob the consumer under cover of a robber tariff, and the wage-earners left unprotected. The McKinley law has accentuated the situation and the calamity at Homestead is a direct result of such pernicious class legislation. Mr. Cleveland, in the face of the opposition of the leaders of his own party, enunciated sentiments that every day prove to have been inspired by a wonderful insight into the miserable condition which Republican enactments have forced the workingmen into. The men who have been the dupes of the ultra-protectionists, have enlisted in the cause of Cleveland, Tariff Reform and Victory, and it is in bad taste for their betrayer to call them the "calamity choir" because they seek to relieve themselves from the oppressive yoke which they have borne so long. Cleveland leads, he does not join.

THE *Allentown* (Pa.) *Democrat* published in the heart of the iron and steel belt of Pennsylvania, and whose weekly resume of the iron and steel trade is an authority, is responsible for the following:

In 1888, when Bessemer pig was worth $17.37 per ton, steel rails sold for $29.75 per ton. In 1892, when Bessemer pig is selling for $14 per ton, steel rails are selling for $30 per ton. The price of the raw material drops ever so much but the Steel Rail Trust firmly holds its product at $30 at the mill.

Were it not for the tariff duty of $13.44 per ton foreign rails could be imported for about $25 per ton but the duty would run the price up to $38.44 per ton. Under cover of this duty the Trust exacts the same price for rails whether Bessemer pig costs $13 or $14. In 1889, when Bessemer was selling for $18 per ton, the price of rails fell to $29.25, but since that time the Trust has been made water-tight. There is no longer competition. As a consequence, the cost of building and maintaining railroads has been largely increased, and the people are made to foot the bill in the increased cost of freight and passenger service. The yearly profits of the Steel Rail Trusts are estimated at not less than $10,000,000.

Mr. Cochran Makes a Statement.

[COMMUNICATED].

To the Voters of St. Georges Hundred, addressed:—I herewith desire to render a statement relative to the business transacted by me during the past year as assessor, and for which office I am again a candidate. It has been reported that my lists were padded. This I most emphatically deny. There were, as my duplicate will prove, forty negroes added in West St. Georges Hundred and sixty-two in the east side. Thirty-eight of the former were vouched for by M. B. Burris, the other two by Thomas Gould.

The ones on the other side were vouched for by Messrs. H. A. Pool, Senator James McMullin and Wilson Walker, all of whom are men of integrity and whose oath it was impossible for me to ignore, making a total of 102 voters added, while the list shows 482 negroes assessed, barring 380 of which I know nothing; they either being placed there by the former assessor or by the Levy Court. That the list is padded is an indisputable fact but that I did it or that I added one single name or duplicated a single name that was not perfectly vouched for is false. The books never left my possession until they were posted at the places required by law.

After deciding upon an open denial of these charges I consulted a prominent citizen of Odessa who informs me by letter, that the list rendered by the Clerk of the Peace contains one name three times, my duplicate giving it but once. An explanation of this error would not be uninteresting matter by those originating the charges against me, and trusting should any voter disbelieve this statement, he may in vestigate, I remain,

Obediently the assessor,
WM. A. COCHRAN, SR.

N. B.—I desire to add that my work was completed at the office of Esquire Ferguson, who kindly assisted me, and who can vouch for the authenticity of this letter.

September 1st, 1892.

The New Registration Law.

The following is a condensed account of the requirements of the registration law, as published in the preface on the election laws, by the Secretary of State:

The State registration law requires the Governor to appoint an officer of registration for each election district, called a Registrar, at least six months before every general election, for the term of two years. The Registrars will sit on the first four Saturdays of September next preceding the general election, for the purpose of registering all the voters of his election district who *personally* apply to be registered. Ample notice of time and place must be given. After the last of these sittings the Registrar publishes, by posting in at least ten of the most public places in his election district, alphabetical lists of the persons whose names he has entered in the voting books, either as fully qualified to vote at the next general election or to become fully qualified at the next general election by paying a tax, becoming naturalized, etc. A board of registration consisting of the Registrar, the Inspector of elections for the district and one of the judges of election who shall not belong to the *same* political party as the Registrar, shall sit in each election district at the voting place of the district on the three Saturdays immediately preceding the Saturday next before the election, for the purpose of registering applicants and entertain appeals and correct errors.

The qualifications for registration are:

FIRST. *Citizenship.*—He must be a citizen of the United States, or, if not native born, and not naturalized at the time of applying to be registered, he may still be registered in the voting book of partially qualified voters if he shows that he has the right to take out naturalization papers before the next general election, and so fulfill the requirement of citizenship.

SECOND. *Residence.*—He must be a resident of the election district at the time of his application, and must have resided in the State one year next before the date of his application, less the time to elapse from the date of his application to the following general election; and in the county one month, less the time to elapse from the date of application to such election.

THIRD. *Tax.*—If of the age of twenty-two years and upwards, he must, within two years next before the following general election have paid a county tax which shall have been assessed at least six months before such election; or, if he shall not have paid a tax, he may still be registered in the list of partially qualified voters if he shows that he has been duly assessed and will have the right to fulfill the requirement of tax paying it on or before the day of the next general election.

If any applicant for registration shows that on the day of the next election he will be of the age of twenty-one years, and under the age of twenty-two years, he will be registered although not assessed.

The name of every applicant for registration will be entered on the registers, but only those possessing the above qualifications will have their names entered on the voting books, either as qualified or partially qualified voters, and only the names of those who appear in person before the Registrar or Board of Registration, will be entered in the registers of voting books.

General News in Brief.

Jealousy and drink caused Theodore Bird, a shoemaker of Muncie, Ind., to murder his wife and then commit suicide.

Minister Egan sailed from Valparaiso yesterday for the United States. He was given a grand banquet on the eve of his departure.

George L. Mitchell, the husband of Mme. Peralto, the ex-champion six day female pedestrian, has entered suit for a divorce in the Brooklyn courts.

For political reasons, Louis B. Fresno, one of the most prominent lawyers and Democratic politicians of Fresno, Cal., was assassinated Monday morning by unknown men.

William Kul, cashier of the Mount Jackson National Bank, Virginia, accused of forging a check and overdrawing his accounts committed suicide by taking strychnine.

While trying to rob the fruit stand of Alva Capewell at Gloucester Tuesday night, Joseph Conroy was shot dead. Capewell was exonerated from all blame by a coroner's jury.

Charles Curry of Chester, Pa., died Tuesday. A short time ago he ran a needle into his knee and the point was broken off. Soreness followed and the amputation of the limb caused death.

Two residents of Bordentown, N. J., both over ninety years old, fought over a dispute about money matters on Monday. Both men are very wealthy. The case will go to court.

After forty-eight years of married life, John and Margaret Obermeyer of New York city, committed suicide together, Monday night, by inhaling chloroform. Poverty caused the act.

Great excitement was caused at the colored camp in Queen Anne's county, Md., on Sunday, by the sudden death of Charles Banks, a worshipper from Easton, during the preaching services.

Detectives are on the track of Robert Shaeffer and Harry Rice, aged 15 and 12 years, respectively, of Burlington, N. J., who left their homes a few days ago with $21 and two revolvers, to hunt Indians.

A construction train ran over Arch street to the new Philadelphia & Reading terminal on Monday. It was the first train to enter the new depot, and was used to bring material to assist in the construction of the depot.

J. Spencer Wright of Centreville, Md., died on Sunday, aged fifty-eight years. He was a son of Col. Thomas Wright, whose ancestors settled in Queen Anne's county over 200 years ago.

Dr. Exum, North Carolina's Third party candidate for Governor, was arrested Monday for swearing in the presence of ladies. The post-master made the charge, but Exum denied it under oath. A charge of perjury has been made against him.

Morello, a colt which William M. Singerly purchased, with, and at the request of Frank Van Ness for $4,500, won the futurity stakes at the Sheepshead races on Monday. The stakes were $41,000. The colt originally sold for $100, and was purchased by the Philadelphian and Van Ness, because the latter had taken a fancy to him.

While pitching wheat to a thresher at Cato, N. Y., a boy accidentally cut the feeder's hand, and the latter was so infuriated that he caught the lad and threw him into the revolving cylinder, grinding him to pieces. The boy's brother witnessed the awful deed and siezing a pitch-fork, ran it through the murderer several times, killing him instantly. The two tragedies were enacted before bystanders had time to interfere.

At Independence, Iowa, yesterday Nancy Hanks broke the world's trotting record and equalled the best pacing record by trotting a mile 2.05¼. At the same time Flying Jib paced a mile in 2.07, the fastest mile ever paced in a race. Sable Dale, a two-year-old filly by Sable Wilkes, came within half a second of Sunol's two-year old record by trotting in 2.18½.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. m19-t

The steamship Moravia, from Hamburg, arrived in New York yesterday with Asiatic Cholera on borrd, among her 286 steerage passengers. The Health officers ordered her removed to the lower quarantine, which is conceded to be the finest and most complete in the world, and she will be detained there until every person and article of clothing on board ship has been throughly disinfected.

Every one suffers from Catarrh in the Head. Those who don't have it suffer from those who do. It's a disease you can't keep to yourself.

Here are some of the symptoms: Headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid, and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in ears, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these likely to be present at once.

The cure for it—for Catarrh itself, and all the troubles that come from it—a perfect and permanent cure, is Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. The worst cases yield to its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties. A record of twenty-five years has proved that to its proprietors—and they're willing to prove it to you.

They do it in this way: If they can't cure your Catarrh, no matter how bad your case, or of how long standing, they'll pay you $500 in cash. Can you have better proof of the healing power of a medicine?

How the Mosquito Does It.

A mesquito's bill is an elaborate contrivance, and consists of two sharp claws and a lance inclosed in a sheath, which is also employed as a pump. The saws are bony, but flexible, and the teeth are near the end which is pointed. The lance is perhaps the most perfect instrument known in the world of minute things. It is first thrust into the flesh and the opening is enlarged by the saws, which play beside it until the sheath can be inserted. The sawing is what cause irritation when a mosquito is biting.—Exchange.

An Only Daughter Cured of Consumption.

When death was hourly expected, all remedies having failed, and Dr. H. James was experimenting with the many herbs of Calcutta, he accidentally made a preparation which cured his only child of Consumption. His child is now in this country, and enjoying the best of health. He has proved to the world that Consumption can be positively and permanently cured. The Doctor now gives the recipe free, only asking two 2-cent stamps to pay expenses. This herb also cures Night Sweats, Nausea at the Stomach, and will break up a fresh cold in twenty-four hours. Address CRADDOCK & Co., 1032 Race Street, Philadelphia, naming this paper.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, August 29.

Closed Saturday at 1 P. M.

One of the hardest things our Dress Goods people have had to do this season has been to keep up with the call for Navy Blue Serge.

All Spring and Summer everybody has been wanting them, and the demand is as great now as ever. You'll hear almost everywhere that they're scarce. So they are—in most stores. You wouldn't mistrust it here. This is the way the list runs and plenty of each grade.

38-inch fine Twilled Serge at 50c.
36-inch heavy Twilled Cheviot Serge at 50c.
36-inch Chevron Serge at 50c.
38-inch Cheviot Serge at 65c.
40-inch fancy Diagonal Serge at 75c.
50-inch Cheviot Serge, in medium and wide twills, at $1.
54-inch Twilled Seage at $1.25. In two styles of twills.
54-inch Extra Twilled Serge at $1.50.
50-inch fancy Striped Serge at $1.25.

The French manufacturer meant these Corded Dress Crepes to sell at $1.25 a yard. They *have* sold at that; they would be so selling to-day but for one of those trade turns that so often brings the best to Wanamaker's at an upset price. 40-inch goods, Fall weight and in fourteen of the newest colors, *at 50c a yard.*

50c Camel's-Hair at 37½c is another centre of interest. Navy blue and black only.

The closer you examine the Women's Serge Suits at $7 the more absurdly little does the price appear. Seams double lapped, double silk stitched and bound with satin. Skirt hem turned up instead of being faced, darts turned in and well finished. $12 wouldn't be out of the way for such a suit.

And the $10 Suit might well be $18. The quality of Serge and the half lining of Surah in the Coat give the extra value.

A dozen sorts of Women's Shoes at $2, $3, $4, that have been almost twice that. Tipped and plain, laced and buttoned. Kid and of the best qualities. All high cut and every size somewhere in the lot.

In the Women's Low Shoes at 2.00 are some that have been 3.00 and 4.00. Various kinds and colors as well as black.

Tennis and Outing Shoes that have been 90c to 7.00 are now 50c to 4.00 Men, women, Children.

School days are close by and the boys, fresh from romping and rollicking, will very likely need Suit freshening for the study time. We are ready for them—from Kindergartners up.

All-wool Kilt Suits, 2½ to 6 years, 2.50—about half.

Single-breasted Sack Coat Suits, 6 to 15 years, at 3.50 instead of 5.00—Black Cheviot.

1.25 All-wool Trousers, 4 to 14 years, 85c.

Four reminders from the Men's Clothing store.

Men's Black Diagonal Suits. (Clay weave) flat binding, Sack or Cutaway Coat, at $15.
Cream Flannel Outing Coats, $4, $5, $6; Trousers, $3, $3.50, $4, $5.
White Duck Trousers, $1.25.
All-wool Trousers in neat patterns, $3, $3.50, $4, $5.

Chautauqua Books, required for the course of 1892 and 1893, are now ready.

Grecian History. By J. R. Joy $ .90
Callias, an Historical Romance. By A. J. Church. 90
The United States and Foreign Powers. By W. E. Curtis. . .90
Greek Architecture and Sculpture. Smith and Bedford. 45
Classic Greek Course in English. By W. C. Wilkinson. 90
A Manual of Christian Evidences. By G. P. Fisher. 45

Volumes selling at 90c, when sent by mail, are 10c extra. Volumes at 45c are 5c extra.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Miscellaneous Adv's.

The Greatest Bargain!

Ever Seen in Middletown.

A Case of Fancy Blazers

The original cost to make them was 1.25, 1.50 and 1.75 each. We shall sell them at the low prices of 50 and 75c. each.

Also, a lot of Men's Suspenders, to be closed out at 10, 12½ and 15c. Are worth double.

Gent's Straw Hats, former prices 75c, $1.00, 1.25 and 1.50, now 60c, 80c, 1.00, 1.20.

Parasols, former prices $1.00 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00 and 4.00, now 50c, 75c, $1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00.

Lot of colored Lisle Gloves former prices 25, 35 and 40c, your choice at 10c.

Several good makes of Corsets, odd sizes, worth 75c, $1.00 and 1.25, all to go at 50 and 75c.

Closing out the balance of the 7c Challis at 5c.

45-in. Embroidered Flouncings, reduced from $1.25; 1.50 1.75 and 2.00. to $1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 1.60.

25-in. Embroidered Swiss and Muslin Flouncings, reduced 20 per cent. to close.

Ladies' Kid Slippers, reduced from $1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.50, to 7c, $1.00, 1.2 and 2.00.

Misses' Kid Oxford Ties, reduced from $1.00, 1.50 and 1.75, to 85, 1.25 and 2.00.

All sizes Lawn Tennis Shoes, reduced to 50c.

Perfect clothing at manufacturer's prices

There's extravagance in spending money with anybody but the manufacturers—in Clothing, the worst extravagance of all. Direct dealing is the only road to economy—the only road, as truly, to good clothing. Inferior quality, inferior manufacture—these are the only ways to cheapen clothing—and who suffers? Isn't it you? All the time? In all ways?

In planning for the greater business of this Fall, we want to make this clear to every wearer of clothing: our stock is home-made—and the best-made.

All Wool Suits you can get for $10, $12.
Fine Suits for $15 to $25.
Dress Suits, the same.
Fall Overcoats, handsome as flowers.

Best of cloth, best of trimmings, best of fashioning and fitting, made by the best of work-people to sell to the best of people. Our hearts are in the winning this season of a more generous business than we ever had.

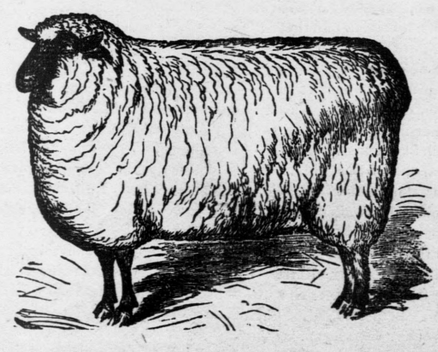
The prices are down now to bed-rock.

Wanamaker & Brown

SIXTH and MARKET PHILADELPHIA

We pay railroad excursion fare from Middletown if you purchase $20 worth.

STOCK EWES FOR SALE!



The undersigned has on hand a very choice lot of WESTERN STOCK EWES, which can be seen at any time.

GEORGE ECHENHOFER,

Sept-8t Middletown, Delaware.

Miscellaneous Adv's.

Lot of Long Hooks and Eyes, at 10c per card.

Pins, full count, 1c a paper.

Spool of Silk, 1c per spool.

500 yards Spool Cotton at 4c.

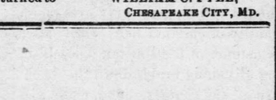
One lot of Linen Thread on Spools reuced from 10c. to 5c.

S. M. Reynolds & Co.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

1892. — 1892.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Steamer Clio



Captain E. S. Brooks,
—WILL LEAVE—
Odessa for Philadelphia,
—AND RETURN FROM—
Pier 9, North Wharves,
As per time table.

ODESSA.	SEPT.	PHILA.
Thursday, 1,	3¼ P. M.	Friday, 2, 1 P. M
Monday 5,	7 P. M.	Tuesday 6, 4 P. M
Thursday, 8	9 P. M.	Friday, 9 6¼ P. M
Monday, 12,	12½ P. M.	Tuesday, 13, 9 P. M
Thursday 15,	4 P. M.	Friday 16, 1¼ P. M
Monday 19,	7 P. M.	Tuesday 20, 4 P. M
Thursday 22,	8¼ P. M.	Friday 23, 6 P. M
Monday 26,	12 M.	Tuesday, 27 8 P. M
Thursday, 29,	2. P. M.	Friday, 30, 11½ A. M

GRAIN, FRUIT and STOCK
Freighted at Reasonable Rates.

Attention given to the careful handling and prompt delivery of all consignments.

For information in regard to freight rates apply to F. B. WATKINS,
apr23-tf ODESSA, DEL.

Conference Academy,

Dover Del.

The Conference Academy calls attention to its new building for ladies, its reasonable charges, and its good reputation as a fitting school. Send for the last Catalogue, containing an alumni record,

W. L. GOODING, Principal.

LOST.

On August 4th, 1892, at Augustine Pier a BLACK OTTOMAN SILK CAPE, ¾ long, trimmed across the shoulders with black braid. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to WILLIAM C. PYLE,
CHESAPEAKE CITY, MD.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

FALL SURPRISES!

THERE ARE SURPRISES IN STORE FOR THE BOOT AND SHOE BUYERS FOR THE FALL OF '92.

THE NEW GOODS are now arriving. You have always received good value for your money at Prettyman's, but this fall we have made special efforts to secure goods at surprisingly low prices, and all purchasers will get better goods than ever for their money.

IN BOOTS WE HAVE PARALYZERS.

You never invested your money in goods of such good wearing qualities as we offer you this fall.

Boots and Shoes. - Boots and Shoes.

ALL SALES FOR CASH.

EDWIN PRETTYMAN, MIDDLETOWN DEL.

THE GREAT KITE TRACK

MAPLE VALLEY TROTTING ASSOCIATION,
KIRKWOOD, DELAWARE

One Day Meeting, Saturday, Sept. 3

RACES BEGIN AT 1 O'CLOCK SHARP

GRAND TROTTING RACES

3.00 MINUTE CLASS, - Purse $250 | 2.34 CLASS, - - - Purse $250
2.45 CLASS, - - - Purse $250 | 2.50 CLASS, - - - Purse $100

The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will sell Round Trip Tickets, from Middletown, including Admission to Track, for 50 cents.

The Great Kite Track Uses Our Exclusively Hand-Made Harness.

MOFFAT AND HOLLINGER LEATHER.

"W. R. Reynolds.

Bushel Basket full of soiled boots. All styles. Job prices. Come see 'em.

NOW OPEN!

NEW STORE UNDER TOWN HALL

The Bargain Store of Middletown.

We place before customers daily Bargains in every line we offer. *No Baits. Every article a Guaranteed Bargain.* Don't these prices please you:

PINS, full count, per paper, 1c. Best Needles, per paper, 1c. Spool Silk, 3c. Darning Needles, 5 for 1c. Carpet tacks, dozen papers, 9c. 25 Good Envelopes, 3c. 144 sheets Note Paper, 8c. Fools Cap, 2 sheets, 1c. 6 Slate Pencils 1c. or 12c. per 100. 3 Good Lead 1c. Shoe Strings, per dozen, 2c. School Slates, 2 to 8c. Lamp Wicks, 5 for 1c. Best Pens, 3 for 1c. Shoe Buttons, per dozen, 1c. Bone Collar Buttons, per doaen, 4c. Safety Pins, large, per dozen, 2c. 25000 yards of Lace, 1c. and up. 20,000 yards Ribbon per yard, 2 to 19c. 100 Dozen Men and Boy's Suspenders per pair, 5c. to 39c. 50 dozen Ladies Corsets, 23c. to 46c. 90 dozen Children's Black Hose large size, 7c. Men's Heavy Hose, 5c. Gents' Fine Hose, 7c. to 19c. Extra Good Spool Cotton, 2c. Stewart's Best Thread, 3c. Hair Pins, per pound, 12c. P. N. Corset Steels, 8c. Men's Linen Collars, 5c. to 8c. 25 Dozen Boy's Shirts, 19c. to 32c. 75 Dozen Men's Shirts, 19c. to 86c. Childs Undershirts and Pants, 10c. Men's Pants, 72c. to $2.92. Boys' Suits, Jackets and Knee Pants, 92c. 175 dozen pair of Men's and Boys' Overalls. 500 yards Shelf Oil Cloth, 3c. to 7c. per yard. Big stock Glassware of all kind. Shoemaker's Findings, ½ sole, 10c. All Kinds of Brushes—White Wash Paint and Scrub, cheaper than the cheapest. Tinware—4 qt. coffee pot, 17c.; 3 qt. 13c.; 2 qt. 10c. 1 qt. 8c. Hardware—Rivets and Burs, 13c.; cut Nails 2½c. per pound. Hinges, 2, 3 and 4c. per pair. Pad Locks 5 to 19c. Auger Bits, ¼ inch, 5c.; 5-16 inch, 7c.; ⅜ inch, 8c.; ½ inch, 10c. Door Locks, 18 to 22c. Bolts, ½x3 inches, 7c. per dozen. Hog Rings, 100 in box, 10c. Mann's Axes. 56c. Tack Hammers, 3 to 5c. Hatchets, 8 to 39c. Monkey Wrenches, 8 to 39c. Saw Handles, 8c. Spring Balances, 24 lbs. 8c. Horse Clippers, $1.15. Garden Rakes, 10 teeth, 19c.

—ONE PRICE TO ALL.—

☞ *In case any purchase made from us does not prove perfectly satisfactory bring it back and your money will be refunded.*

MESSICK'S

☞ CHEAP CASH STORE. ☜

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE,

Westminster, Md.

T. H. LEWIS, M. D., President.

☞ 26th year opens September 13th.

Oct1

The Misses Hebbs'

English, French and German

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

For Young Ladies and Girls.

RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 23d, 1892.
aug11-7t

NOTICE.

JOHN BIGGS,
Attorney-at-Law,

Has removed his offices to No. 913 Market Street, Wilmington. Will now give his entire attention to private practice. 2m

Edwin R. Cochran, Jr.,
Attorney-at-Law!

No. 907 Market Street,

WILMINGTON, - DELAWARE
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The Transcript

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

Thursday Afternoon, Sept: 1, 1892

Mails Close as Follows;

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
7.25 A.M. . . R. P. O.	8.45 A.M. . . R. P. O
10.10 A.M. . . R. P. O.	5.25 P.M. . . R. P. O
4.10 P.M. . . R. P. O.	
5.50 P.M. . . L. P. to Wilm. and Phila.	

For Odessa—9.25, 10.45 A. M. and 6 P. M.
For Warwick, Cecilton, Sassafras, &c. 9.25 A. M

Church Directory.

MIDDLETOWN M. E. CHURCH.
Rev. N. M. Browne, Pastor.

Preaching every Sabbath at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 2 p. m. Alfred G. Cox, Superintendent. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7.30 o'clock. The class meetings are held as follows: Sunday, 9 a. m., M. D. Wilson, Leader; Monday evening as 7.00 o'clock two classes, W. H. Moore and John B Roberts, Leaders: Tuesday evening at 7.30, led by the pastor; Wednesday evening at 7.00 o'clock two classes, Rev. N. M. Browne and Alfred G. Cox, Leaders. The seats are free and all are welcome.

FOREST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Rev. Francis H. Moore, Pastor.

Services held every Sabbath morning at 10.30 o'clock, and every Sabbath evening at 7.30. Sabbath school will be held every Sabbath morning at 9.15 o'clock. Harry Ellison Superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.

Services at Armstrong's chapel the first Sabbath of each month at 2.30 p. m.

ST. ANNE'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Rev. J. Beers, Rector.

Divine Service on Sunday mornings at half past ten o'clock and in the evenings at 7.30 o'clock. Sunday-school at 9.15 A. M.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

— Miss Ada Cochran entertained a number of her friends at a social dance on Tuesday evening.

— Prof. W. B. Tharp conducted the prayer meeting services at the Presbyterian church last evening.

— A machine to tell how tired one is has been invented. Get one and wear it where people can see the indicator while they are talking to you. —N. Y. Herald.

— Courtland Crockett's "Wild Edge," and W. B. Biggs' "Lillie D.," are entered in the 2:40 class race at West Chester, Pa., to morrow. "Mac," another horse of Mr. Biggs is entered in the 2:37 class.

— Peter Goldsborough, colored, who claimed Middletown as his abiding place, was before Judge Ball of the Wilmington Municipal Court on Monday, charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Fined $2.00.

— It cost Joshua Blackston and George Jenkins, both colored, $3.20 each, for creating a disturbance on the street Saturday night. They were arrested and 'Squire Ferguson placed the fine on them at a hearing Monday morning.

— J. Richard Crossland, living on the Craven farm near St. Georges, reports the largest yield of wheat in this section of the county. From a field of 38 acres seeded with Russian Red wheat he threshed 1170 bushels, an average of 30.8 bu. per acre.

— List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post-office, which can be had by saying they are advertised: Miss Fannie Blockson, Miss Emma J. Berry, Miss Sue W. Ferris, Dallas Gibbs, Jacob Husfelt, Miss Ally Poor, Windfield Scott, Mrs. Mary Virginia Simmons, Mrs. Sarah Sisco.

— A very pleasant dance was given at the residence of R. R. Cochran, near Middletown, last Friday evening. The guests numbered about twenty, and all spent a very enjoyable time. Fruits of various kinds were served during the evening, and the company dispersed at midnight.

— Wm. S. Ellison, living near St. Georges, lost a valuable brood mare from anthrax on Monday last. The mare, which was a handsome bay, 9 years old, was first taken ill on Saturday morning, and, despite the best medical attention, died within 36 hours. She was valued at $250; uninsured.

— Mr. Reese Taylor, father of William Taylor of Middletown, has been seriously ill at the home of one of his sons, at Hartley, for nearly two weeks, and was brought to Middletown last evening. The illness was brought on by over-exertion. Mr. Taylor is still very weak, but it is hoped that he will regain his usual health. He is sixty-five years of age.

— On last Thursday evening as James Alfrey, Mrs. Longfellow and child and another lady were returning to their home at Summit Bridge, from a visit to Augustine Pier, they were overtaken by the heavy thunder storm that visited that section, and, in the darkness, drove into the bank alongside the road within three minutes drive of their house, upsetting the vehicle and severely bruising Mrs. Longfellow. The carriage was a complete wreck. There were several accidents of a similar nature during the same night, the most serious being that of a lady whose name we could not ascertain, having her arm broken, opposite the Port Penn Range Light.

— A pleasant party enjoyed a hayride from Heath Range, Cecil Co., Md., the home of Mr. Wm. K. Lockwood, Thursday evening of last week. They reached this town about eight o'clock, making merriment with voices, horns, and jingling bells. The wagon was decorated with national colors and drawn by four horses. The following made up the party: Misses Marie and Blanche Lockwood, Miss Gertrude Veasey of Pocomoke City, Md., Miss Bessie Clift, Miss Margaret Griffith of Baltimore, Misses Elizabeth, Martha and Agnes Lockwood, and J. T. Griffith of Schuylkill Haven, Pa., George Henry of Newark, Del., Harry Griffith, Harry Lockwood, and Griffith Clift.

— When Wells, Herring & Co.'s new cannery at Townsend first started up this week fully three hundred people from the town and vicinity were on hand as visitors to inspect the factory. It was the first time many of them ever had an opportunity to see tomatoes canned and they were on hand early with that object in view. Messrs. Wells and Herring entertained their visitors in the best manner possible under the circumstances, but a canning factory is rather a poor place to entertain 300 visitors on such short notice even at the best. Many of the visitors remained around the place the entire day. The firm give employment to about 80 men at their Townsend factory, and have contracted with the farmers for 230 acres of tomatoes.

— The Old Point express due here at 12.44 A. M. struck and killed a horse last night, just below New Castle.

— Rev. W. W. Hebberton of Philadelphia, will preach at Forest Presbyterian Church on Sabbath morning and evening, and at Armstrong's Chapel at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Personal Matters

— John A. Eliason is in New York City.

— Edwin Prettyman spent Sunday in Smyrna.

— Miss Jennie Causey of Milford is a guest of Miss Laura Willits.

— Miss Hurlock of near Sassafras, is visiting Miss Sallie Cochran.

— Arthur Johns has returned home from a week's stay at Atlantic City.

— William H. Brady will enter Swarthmore College September 13th.

— Mrs Thomas E. Hurn is visiting friends in the upper part of the State.

— Dr R. B. McKee and family will return from Cape Henlopen City to-night.

— Walter Rothwell of Philadelphia, is visiting the Misses Beasten, near Mt. Pleasant.

— Robert A. Comegys returned to his school duties at Millersville, N. J., Monday evening.

— Miss Lydia Price and Miss Mary Burke of Philadelphia, are visiting Mrs. Lydia A. Price.

— Miss Mary Dunning is visiting at the home of Hon. John B. Penington, in Dover:

— Mrs. Thomas Cochran and Miss Stella Cochran have returned home from Asbury Park.

— Mrs. Annie Griffith has returned to Middletown, after an extended visit among Maryland friends.

— Deputy Clerk of the Peace J. F. Eliason resumed his duties on Monday after a three week's illness.

— B. P. Wilson has returned to his home in Middletown, after a two year's residence in Elkton.

— Dr. Charles Gilpin of Elkton visited his brother, Dr. T. H. Gilpin of Middletown, this week.

— Francis P. Bradley, of THE TRANSCRIPT office, is enjoying a week's vacation at Atlantic City.

— Capt. Fred Shibles, wife and daughter of New York City, are guests of Macomb Clayton on Green street.

— Dr. C. Barwick of Baltimore, spent Monday in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Rose of Lake street.

— James Sherwood, until recently a salesman for S. M. Reynolds & Co., has taken a position in DeLand, Florida.

— Miss Lulu Clayton who has been visiting friends near Cecilton, Md., and in Baltimore, Md., returned home Tuesday.

— Miss Bessie McMann of Washington returned home to-day, after spending a week with Mrs. W. F. Kennedy.

— Mrs. and Miss Litzenburg, of Elkton, Miss Fannie Goldsborough and Mr. Sutton, of Philadelphia, spent Monday with Mrs. Lydia Price.

— Victor M. Fountaine, left Middletown for De Land, Florida, Monday morning, after spending some time with friends and relatives here.

The Pier Party.

One of the most successful private dances ever given at Augustine Pier was the one on Monday evening under the auspices of the young men of Middletown. The weather was cool and perfectly suited for the popular amusement. The music was furnished by the regular orchestra, and the twenty-five couples present had no cause for fault-finding on this score. Dancing began at 9, and continued until after 1 o'clock, with a half hour's intermission at 11.

The visitors present from Middletown were: Misses Helen Naudain, Mary Cochran, Bessie Reynolds, Viola Ennis, Edith Derrickson, Nellie Cochran, Edna Frazier, Marie Bernard, May Holten, Eva Vasey, and Messrs. Howard Pool, Frank Pool, W. R. Reynolds, Alfred Tatman, J. Frank Biggs, John Rothwell, Robert Cochran, Wilson Cochran, Victor Reynolds, Clarence Clayton, Schie M. Lockwood, Douglas Cochran and W. F. Metten.

Among others present were: G. Davis Brown and Miss Edith Collins, Smyrna; Victor Torbert and A. H. Reynolds, Elkton; Boyd Cleaver, Port Penn; Will Janvier, McDonough; the Messrs. Clark, Delaware City, Miss Alice Eliason, E. Beasten, Mt. Pleasant; Miss Annie McWhorter, Wilmington; Walter Rothwell, Philadelphia.

Lightning's Fatal Work.

During a thunder storm at Laurel, Del., yesterday afternoon two sons of Levin Collins, who had gone to the barn to put away the team of a drummer who sought shelter at the farm house from the storm, were struck and killed by lightning. Ira Hill, a neighbor's son who was with the Collins boys was knocked insensible and physicians have small hopes of his recovery. Should he live he will be an imbecile for life.

Mr. and Mrs. Collins and several visitors were badly stunned by the same bolt that killed the boys. The drummer's horse was also killed. The parents of the boys are almost heartbroken over the sad affair.

Meeting of the Democratic Club.

A meeting of the Cleveland Democratic Club is called for next Tuesday evening, September 6th, at headquarters in McWhorter's Hall at 8 o'clock, sharp. It is urgently requested that all Democrats be present, as the meeting is an important one and a good attendance is necessary to the prompt and satisfactory transaction of business.

A. P. CROCKETT,
W. F. Metten, President.
Secretary.

Farewell Party at Kirkwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Barnes, who have resided at Kirkwood for some time past, were tendered a farewell party previous to their departure for their former Ohio home, at the residence of John B. Maloney, at Kirkwood, Monday evening. Hushebeck's orchestra enlivened the occasion with music. About twenty-five guests were present, and all enjoyed a good time.

EDITORS ON AN OUTING.

THE PENINSULA PRESS ASSOCIATION TAKES IN BOSTON AND OTHER HISTORIC PLACES.

The annual excursion of the Peninsula Press Association, composed of representatives of almost every paper on the Peninsula, left Philadelphia Friday morning for Boston and the East. The Reading Railroad sends out each day at 9.30 A. M., a well-equipped train of Pullman cars by the Poughkeepsie Bridge Route direct to Hartford and Boston. On this train members of the Association took passage.

The route was one over which few Delawareans travel. It is picturesque and affords many views of interesting places and grand scenery. From Philadelphia to Bethlehem and thence to Easton the route is through a good farming and manufacturing section. From Easton, where the road crosses the Delaware river the country is hilly and the farming is confined to the valleys. Dairying seems to be the chief industry, and the herds of cattle are of the best grades and seem always to be in good condition. That part of New Jersey, and New York west of the Hudson river, is not a very interesting country in an agricultural sense, but some sections, especially in the vicinity of Great Meadows, produce great quantities of onions. The land on which this vegetable is grown resembles closely our new meadow lands. The soil is black and loose and grows weeds in abundance.

The great feature of the route is the Poughkeepsie Bridge over the Hudson river. This great iron structure spans the Hudson at the city of Poughkeepsie and is the only all rail connection between the railroad lines of the east and west sides of the river. It is a cantilever bridge of steel, 6,768 feet long and 212 feet above the water.

By means of this bridge the Reading secures the most direct route to the east; all other lines crossing the river by ferry, thus causing delay and inconvenience to passengers. The Poughkeepsie bridge will serve through many generations as a reminder of the energy, perseverance and the ability of the American engineer. Man may be a mere atom in the make-up of the universe but he looks big when such structures as this are credited to his account.

Passing through that section of the State of New York east of the River, and then across the whole northern part of Connecticut many fields of tobacco are seen. The crop this year seems to be good and the harvest is now on. Much of the land appears to have been abandoned but is now being taken up again. Tobacco requires a strong soil and heavy fertilizing and is very exhaustive, but there seems to be a tendency toward improved methods which will hereafter prevent the impoverishment of the soil. Just east of Hartford a farm was pointed out on which it is said $30,000 worth of tobacco was raised last year. The crop is now being harvested by the dealers who purchase the crop somewhat as our canners purchase tomatoes and corn. The cultivation of tobacco might be profitably tried by Delaware farmers.

Passing over into Massachusetts we entered a country of a nature not inviting. Hilly and overgrown with scrub oak and other useless bushes it does not present attractions sufficient to satisfy the agriculturalist. When nearing Boston some fine country is seen.

The arrival at the "Hub" so fills one's soul with patriotic emotions that more space and more time are necessary to a proper description of the places of interest which abound in the city where so many noble deeds were done and where so many of the great historic figures of the revolutionary period exerted the influence which led up to the completion of a system of government second to none the world has ever seen.

We shall endeavor to give some interesting facts relating to the trip in our next issue. It is well however to express, at this earliest moment possible, our appreciation of the kindness and self-denying labors of H. C. Carpenter who made it possible for the Association to enjoy the trip, and of the courtesies extended by the Reading Railroad company. At the American House, where we stopped while in Boston, every member of the Association received the best of attention at the hands of the proprietors, Messrs. Keeler and Pocock. The service was of the best and the man does well who pins his faith to this famous hostelry.

The Wilmington Fair.

The Wilmington Fair, which will be held at Hazel Dell, September 6, 7, 8 and 9, promises to be a credit to the management and the city, and will undoubtedly eclipse all its predecessors. The managers have profited by the experience gained in past years, and as a result of their careful study of the wants of exhibitors and patrons have succeeded in massing an aggregation of amusements and entertainments that will do justice to the name "Great Wilmington Fair." Shortcomings of previous years have been amply made up for this year, and no one, either visitor or exhibitor, can find any cause for complaint.

The speed contests promise to be unusually interesting, and among the entries will be found some of the best horses in this part of the country. There will be a series of bicycle races on Wednesday, in which valuable prizes will be contested for by Wilmington's fast riders.

This year the management will prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, and will exclude from the grounds all games of chance or wheels of fortune.

Cecil County Fair.

Those in our neighborhood who have never seen "Buffalo Bill's Renowned Wild West Show," will have an opportunity to see one equally renowned at Elkton Fair, Sept. 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th. "Wichita Jack," government scout, and associate of Buffalo Bill, will exhibit his "Historical Wild West" on the above dates. Prof. and Mrs. Charles H. Johnson, will also exhibit their ancient Roman Hippodrome racing and world renowned equestrian novelties.

Go to S. M. Reynolds & Co's., for porcelaine lined kettles, Mason's fruit jars, jelly glasses, sticky fly paper, hammocks, &c,

PENINSULA MATTERS.

INTERESTING ITEMS GATHERED FROM OUR MANY EXCHANGES.

George N. Hall, an eight year old Wilmington lad fell into the Brandywine and was drowned on Monday.

Hugh C. Brown, George V. Massey and Senator Anthony Higgins, will address a Republican ratification meeting at Milford on this evening.

Ill health has forced Rev. J. Simpson Trotter to resign the pastorate of the Reformed Episcopal Church, Wilmington.

Philadelphia contractors have commenced work on the launchway for the United States Life Saving Station opposite Lewes.

Ex-Superintendent of Sunday School B. M. Cain, of Lincoln, has had charges of waywardness preferred against him by the Methodist Church.

After having expended $200,000 on Wilmington's newly-paved streets this season, the city officials will at once pave Delaware avenue with firebrick at a cost of $50,000.

Mistaking a well-meaning salutation to his wife as an insult, Captain Theodore Burton, of Millsboro, landed his fist in Ira Jerman's face, and the irate husband was fined.

A. Edwin Keigwin, of New York City, will deliver a Humorous Lecture on "Bores" at the Bridgeville Presbyterian Church on Tuesday evening, September 14th, at 8 o'clock.

Seven buzzards were found dead on a farm near Newport on Sunday. They had died, it is supposed, from feeding on a part of the carcass of a horse that had died of anthrax.

Burglars effected an entrance to the post-office and store of Harry Bouchelle of Chesapeake City, Friday night, by prying the doors open. After ransacking both places for money they took in cash but $1.35 from the post-office and $1.50 from the store:

Between 700 and 800 people, mostly mechanics and farmers attended the Democratic mass meeting at Marshallton Saturday evening. The speakers were L. Irving Handy and Victor B. Woolley. A total of 35 new members were added to the Cleveland club. A joint Mill Creek and Christiana Cleveland and Stevenson club was organized.

Rev. A. N. Keigwin, of Wilmington, who recently expressed the belief that the millenium would come in 1897, now states that it will be several years after that time. "There can be no question," says Mr. Keigwin, "in the mind of any student of the Bible or of the signs of the times that the world is on the eve of a great crists and it behooves all to watch and be ready."

The schooner S. F. Munson, from Boston with a cargo of lumber for the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, got stuck Tuesday on Wilmington's big water main, which crosses the Christiana at Third street bridge. The main snapped in two and for two hours there was a water famine. All the mills and factories of the south side were compelled to shut down. The Water Department finally located the trouble and the break was repaired.

Thomas Ford, charged with taking jewelry, etc., from the house of John M. Thackery, of Wilmington, a few weeks ago, and who was arrested in Philadelphia, has been brought back to Delaware on a requisition and lodged in New Castle jail. The case was to have come off on Tuesday, but was postponed until next Wednesday. Ex-Attorney-General John Biggs is Ford's counsel.

The West Chester Local News last Friday, said: "Aged and well-known Henry Robinson is dead. His death occurred this morning at 9 o'clock, after suffering for over a year with rheumatism and infirmities incident to old age. Henry was born at Cantwell's Bridge, now Odessa, Del., in 1815, and was consequently 77 years of age at the time of his death. He was raised by the father of Robert Porter, and was, we understand, a slave until 28 years of age, when he ran away and located in West Chester, where he has resided ever since, a period of nearly 50 years." Doubtless some of the old residents of Odessa can recollect their former citizen.

Cyclist Zimmerman's Ambition.

The ambition of Arthur Zimmerman the world renowned cyclist, is to break the mile bicycle record on the kite shaped track at Kirkwood, and unless something unexpected turns up the champion will have a good opportunity to see what he can do. Dr. J. C. McCoy has offered $500 to the cyclist who breaks the present record. It is probable that Zimmerman will come to Kirkwood shortly to remain for several days, and train for the trial at the world's record.

Norris N. Sold.

Norris N., 8 years old, with a record of 2.23½, and winner of the Pimlico stakes in 1890, sold for a mere song at Waverley stock farm, near Stanton, Monday afternoon. He belonged to the estate of Alonzo Newlin, and was purchased at administrator's sale by D. P. S. Nichols, of Philadelphia, for $800. He was sired by Giltedge, dam Coleta.

New Advertisements.

Fall Styles Clothing—Wanamaker & Brown, Philadelphia.

Clothing—J. T. Mullin & Son, Wilmington.

Choice Stock Ewes for sale—George Echenhofer.

Fall Surprises in Boots and Shoes—E. W. Prettyman.

Fun for all at the Elkton Fair. Large list of fast horses. Wichita Jack's Wonderful Wild West Show and Charles Jackson's Throughbred Running Horses will all be there. Splendid display of farm and household exhibits. September 6, 7, 8, & 9. Cheap excursion rates and no hack hire. Grounds at P. W. & B. railroad station.

The celebrated Hawthorn water, pure and fresh, direct from the Saratoga Springs, for sale by S. M. Reynolds & Co.

—32 Men's overcoats will be sold at very low prices. We will not carry them over. W. H. MOORE & Co.

DELAWARE CITY.

DELAWARE CITY, September, 1.

— Mr. Wm. J. Robinson's condition remains unchanged.

— Miss Maggie Tugend spent a few days in Philadelphia this week.

— Jersey Sweet Potatoes are becoming plentiful in our market.

— Mrs. P. J. Mulligan and daughter are visiting at Chesapeake City this week.

— Miss Annie Snyder of Easton, Pa., is the guest of Mrs. E. A. Stout at the Delaware City Hotel.

— Detective Hutchins was in town on Saturday in the interest of the State Game Protective Association.

—The steamer Major Reybold now leaves Philadelphia at 2.30 P. M. instead of 3 o'clock, as heretofore.

— Mrs. George Smith of Manaounk is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Schunder, on Washington avenue.

— Harrington Clark, station agent at Eddystone, on the Pennsylvania railroad, visited his parents here this week.

— Miss Lily Messig, who has been spending a short vacation here, returned to her home in Philadelphia on Tuesday.

— J. E. Simpson will build an addition to his wheelwright and carriage shops on Fifth street, now occupied by W. C. Webb.

— Rev. Father Daly of St. Paul's Catholic Church is away this week attending the Retreat of the Catholic clergy of the Diocese.

— The Delaware City Public School will open the fall term on Monday, September 5th, with Mr. Handy as principal and all the old teachers.

— Fred Morris, formerly an operator here, is now in the passenger service of the Pennsylvania railroad, running between Baltimore and Washington.

— Miss Kate Lang of Philadelphia, who has been spending a short vacation here with her mother, will return home tomorrow.

— The Hundred Executive Committee has issued a call for a meeting of the Democrats of Red Lion Hundred, at St. Georges, on Friday [tomorrow] evening at 8 o'clock.

— Charles V. Wise of New Castle, candidate for County Commissioner from the Fourth District, on the Democratic ticket was in town on Monday.

— Dr. E. W. Haines, the well known dentist of Newark, Del. and who has an office at Delaware City, will be married to Mrs. Jennie Griffith of Wilmington, on Thursday, September, 8th, in that city.

— The entire business, carriage factory and wheelwright and blacksmith shops, with tools and stock, of the late Robert A. Moody are offered for sale.

— Rt. Rev. Bishop Coleman will officiate at Christ Episcopal Church on Sunday, and will preach at both morning and evening services.

— The steamer Major Reybold, of the Philadelphia and Salem Navigation Company, made her last Sunday trip of the season last Sunday.

— Rev. H. L. C. Braddon, rector of Christ Episcopal Church, has sent in his resignation, to take effect Oct. 15, and has accepted a call to Florence, New Jersey.

— A blue fish weighing six pounds was caught in a sturgeon net at Delaware City on Monday by John Nickle, a fisherman from this place. It is the first blue fish ever caught this far up the river.

— The steamer Thomas Clyde will make her last trip of the season from Delaware City to Woodland Beach on Wednesday September 7th. The present season has been one of the most successful which this favorite excursion steamer has ever had.

— The last run of sturgeon is on now, and those who are fishing for them are doing very well, seven being caught here on Monday. As a rule, the roe of the fish caught this late in the season, is worthless, but the meat finds good sale.

— The cement work on the outside of the torpedo battery on this shore which is eight feet thick, is completed, and it is now being covered with earth, an immense derrick being used for hoisting the same. There is still a great deal of work to be done there, and operations will be continued until winter stops them.

— The steamer Delaware, with a large fishing party from Wilmington and a band of music, bound for Ship John, made a stop here on Monday morning. Two sturgeon boats from here were taken in tow to be used for fishing purposes after arrival at Ship John. The party was under the chrage of Superintendent McCausland of the Wilmington & Northern Railroad Co.

— Considerable excitement was raised here on Saturday morning by the bursting of a ball section of the Harrison boiler at the cannery of J. B. Stansbury & Sons. The escaping steam blew the fire out of the furnace, scattering hot cinders among the crowd of operators, and slightly scalding several of them. An alarm of fire was sounded, and in a few minutes the fire engine and hose carriage were on the scene but were not required to be put into service.

— The Ericsson Line of steamers which make daily trips between Philadelphia and Baltimore via Delaware City, one boat leaving each city at five o'clock P. M., are crowded with passengers every night. The steamers present a beautiful sight when the enter the lock, being brilliantly lighted throughout by electricity. They are elegantly fitted up, and present quite a contrast to the same line of steamers of a few years ago. The company is having a new steamer built, which they expect to put on the line next spring. She will be even better fitted and have finer accomodations than the boats now in service.

Trying to Save Evans.

New interest was awakened in the Laurel poisoning case last Friday by the announcement that the attorney of William Evans, the man now under detention in Pennsylvania, suspected of being the poisoner, had instituted means to secure the prisoner's release. State Detective McVey at once went to Laurel and procured from the deputy coroner the liver and heart of the deceased, Raymond Rosser, which were to have had a thorough analytical examination on Sunday. Evans' attorney claims that no sufficient evidence either to hold or extradite Evans has yet been obtained, which may or may not be true, but the people of Laurel are a unit in their belief in his guilt and if he is released by the Pennsylvania authorities, upon the application of his attorney, he will find it hard to escape the "vigilantes" who have sworn his punishment it the law should prove inactive.

—30 Boy's overcoats will be sold at very low figures. We will not carry them over. W. H. MOORE & Co.

—We will close our Ladies and Misses coats at ⅓ and ¼ off the regular prices. W. H. MOORE & Co.

Low Prices for Peaches.

This week marks the height of the peach season in New York city, and although the crop is a light one, which ordinarily brings about high prices, prices this year are very low, "disastrously low to shippers," said a fruit auctioneer Tuesday, "6,000 boxes having been auctioned off yesterday morning at a rate from 60 cents to $1.10 per box, and 60 cents does not cover the cost of transportation and expenses. The unusually low prices this year are unexplainable. They are lower than at any time last year, when 3,000,000 baskets were received from Delaware alone, whence not a box has been received this year, on account of the yellows, which destroyed the crop. The New Jersey and California crops, too, are 50 per cent. lighter than last year.

"The dealers are at a loss for the cause of the low prices, and can explain it only on the ground that people have taken to heart the proclamation of the Health Board which warned them last year not to buy fruit from street stands as being either unripe or overripe and so unfit to eat. There is where unpractical ignorance comes in. As a matter of fact the fruit stands keep the best quality of fruit.

"It is the East side venders who buy the poorer and objectional quality. I think the fruit trade was largely hurt when the Health Board in his proclimation of last fall advised people not to buy grapes that came to market. It was a bit of folly, for the people have followed the suggestion like a flock of sheep the leader. It has hurt all around, for there can be no more healthful diet in summer than fruit."

How the Tariff Swindle Works.

A large clothing manufacturer of Rochester, N. Y., says that the labor cost of clothing is one third of the cost of the clothing. The New York *World* shows that the duty on manufactured clothing is equivalent to about 75 per cent. Now according to the Republican platform the duty on clothing ought to be simply the difference between the labor cost in England and in America. From the Protective Tariff League reports, the cost of English labor is about half of the cost of American labor, so the difference in cost would be about 15 per cent., yet the McKinley bill imposes a duty of 75 per cent., or five times as much as the Republican platform declares is necessary.—Memphis Appeal.

We denounce the Republican protection as a fraud; a robbery of the great majority of the American people for the benefit of the few; We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the Federal Government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties, except for the purposes of revenue only, and we demand that the collection of such taxes shall be limited to the necessities of the Government, when honestly and economically administered.—Democratic Platform.

Reduced Rates to Wilmington Fair.

The Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company are making considerable preparation for the service to the Wilmington Fair, which will be held at Wilmington September 6th to 9th inclusive. For the accommodation of visitors, trains of the Delaware Division, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company leaving Wyoming at 7.00 A. M., and Delmar at 8.05 A. M. for Wilmington, stopping at principal intermediate stations, will run direct to the Fair grounds, and trains leaving Wilmington at 2.50 P. M. for Harrington, 4.37 P. M. for Delmar, and 6.53 P. M. for Wyoming, stopping at principal intermediate stations, will have direct connections from the Fair grounds. Excursion tickets, including admission to the grounds, will be sold at greatly reduced rates.

The gunboats Concord and Kearsarge were yesterday ordered to proceed from New York to La Guayra, Venezuela, to demand the immediate return of the political prisoners of American citizenship who were taken from the steamer Caracas while lying at the port of La Grauyra. Both the Concord and Kearsarge are fully equipped for fighting, and as soon as coaled up, which will probably be to-day, both vessels will proceed to their destination. The Caracas is now in New York discharging her cargo.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY JOHN W. JOLLS.

WHEAT—No. 1 red	71	New cob Corn	72
Steamer No. 2,	69	CORN	
Timothy Seed	2.20	Yellow, shelled,	@52c
Clover Seed, per lb	15	Oats,	@70c

MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. M. REYNOLDS & CO.

Eggs, ₱ doz	18@20
Butter, ₱ lb	25@28
Lard, ₱ lb (per can)	9@10
Potatoes ₱ basket	25@30
Chickens Live ₱ lb	10@15
Spring Chickens ₱ lb	12@15

New Advertisements.

My Nerves Are All Right

And I have gained 10 pounds in 6 months, as the result of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, says Mr. B. H. Rose of the firm of Rose & Eddy, Rochester, N. Y. "I had almost

Chronic Dyspepsia

My digestion being very bad, and I was broken down from overwork so that I could not sleep nights. But my stomach is now in perfect condition, and for all the above benefit my gratitude is due Hood's Sarsaparilla."

"Water-Brash

And dyspepsia troubled me for 10 years, and after trying various things I concluded to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The **effect is marvelous** as I seem to be almost entirely cured." J. M. JOHNSON, 427 10th Street, Toledo, Ohio. If you suffer from

Indigestion

Or dyspeptic troubles try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It gently tones and stimulates the stomach, assists digestion and creates an appetite.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

NOTICE.

I, H. VAUGHAN, DRUGGIST, THE OWNER of the drug store on West Main street Middletown, New Castle County, Delaware, in compliance with the requirements of the Acts of Assembly, in such case made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing at the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Jail Delivery of New Castle county, on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D., 1892, being the next term of said court, for a license to sell intoxicating liquors by prescription for medicinal purposes; and the following respectable citizens (at least one-half of whom are freeholders in said county,) recommend said application,

I. S. Vandingham, M. D.	T. H. Gilpin,
C. B. Constable, M. D.	Abram Vandegrift,
W. H. Johnson,	Ananias Ennis,
Jno. S. Crouch,	A. M. Brown,
L. Darlington,	E. S. Jones,
Joseph Biggs,	L. C. Scott,
C. P. Gears.	

aug11-3t DR. H. VAUGHAN.

Miscellaneous Adv's.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest U. S. Government Food Report*

"GOOD VALUE" ALWAYS.

If you bought at Sixth and Market, you know that everything sold here is right—in quality and price. "Good value" is always given. Now it is *extra "good value."* The summer lines are fast leaving us, and in the way of *cut prices* we are giving them every inducement to go early. You can get a Suit, a pair of Pants, or thin clothing at prices *one-third to one-half off.* The extra value will amply pay you, even should you carry them until next season.

A discount of 10 per cent on all summer clothing.

JAS. T. MULLIN & SON,

Clothiers, Tailors. 6th & Market, Wilmington.

Do Your Eyes Need Attention?

Copyrighted, 1891, by G. E. Jacobs. G. E. JACOBS & CO. Specialists.

G. E. JACOBS,

Late with QUEEN & Co., Philadelphia, Specialist in Lenses for the eye will be at my store, on Friday, Aug. 29th. He will make no charge to examine your eyes, to determine if your eyesight may be improved or headache relieved by wearing properly adjusted glasses.

Jewlery and Silverware.

A Fine Stock at Reasonable Prices.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Mrs. Thomas Massey

Middletown, Del

NOTICE.—THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY Executive Committee in compliance with Rule 4 of the rules governing the Democratic party of New Castle county, adopted May 21, 1892, have this day made the following Legislature allotments. The First district composed of Wilmington hundred is entitled to one Senator and one Representative.

The Second district, composed of Brandywine, Christiana, Mill Creek, White Clay Creek and Pencader hundreds; the hundreds of Brandywine, Mill Creek and Pencader shall each be entitled to one Representative.

The Third district, composed of New Castle, Red Lion, St. Georges, Appoquinimink and Blackbird hundreds; the hundreds of Red Lion, St. Georges and Appoquinimink shall each be entitled to one representative.

By order of the committee,
WILLARD SAULSBURY,
JOHN F. CALLAHAN, Chairman.
Secretary.
Wilmington, Del., July 21, 1892.

Wood! Wood!

FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS CAN PURCHASE

THE BEST OAK LAP WOOD AT 50c. PER 2-HORSE LOAD,

For a short time only. Woods near Wilson's Corner.

GEORGE V. PEVERLEY.

Miscellaneous Adv's.

$10 and $12.

Our Serge Suits for Men at Ten Dollars and Twelve Dollars are especially noted for every elegance of cut, finish and fit.

Wonders in 25c. Neckwear.

Remarkable values in Furnishings.

Particularly worthy attractions in Negligee Shirts, Russett Shoes, Straw Hats, Yachting Caps and Athletic Requisites.

Jacob Reeds' Sons,

918-920-922 Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

Mr. Nathan Peacock is still with the above-named firm and solicits a call from his friends.

-- MOFFAT SAFETY. --

—SOLD ON—

Daily, Weekly or Monthly Installments,

—BY—

W. S. LETHERBURY,

Middletown, Del

NOTICE.

Owners of Traction Engines.

Notice is hereby given that the long bridge over St. Augustine near Port Penn is not considered safe for the passage of Traction engines. For ordinary travel it is in good condition.

JOHN W. JOLLS,
Levy Court Commissioner

Political.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT,

ABRAM HAYDEN,

OF APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic party. 1-t

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT,

WILLIAM A. SCOTT,

OF APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic party mi2-tf

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, FIFTH DISTRICT,

— NEW CASTLE COUNTY, —

WILLIAM E. EVANS,

OF APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party. jun23-tf

FOR ROAD COMMISSIONER,

OF ST. GEORGES HUNDRED,

S. S. HOLTEN.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party.

FOR ROAD COMMISSIONER

OF ST. GEORGES HUNDRED,

J. W. DAVIDSON.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party. aug18-tn

FOR ROAD COMMISSIONER OF ST. GEORGES HUNDRED,

JOHN P. COCHRAN, JR.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT,

OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY,

L. G. VANDEGRIFT, Jr.,

OF ST. GEORGES HUNDRED,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic voters. july21-tn

FOR ASSESSOR OF ST. GEORGES HUNDRED,

WILLIAM A. COCHRAN,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party. july21-tn

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

HARRY C. CLARK,

OF RED LION HUNDRED,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Party. aug25-tn

The Transcript.

Thursday Afternoon, Sept. 1, 1892

RAINBOW OF THE SOUL.

Not in the time of pleasure
Hope doth set her bow;
But in the time of sorrow,
Over the vale of woe.

Through gloom and shadow look we
On beyond the years;
The soul would have no rainbow
Had the eye no tears.

John V. Cheney in the Century.

THE "PROTECTED" FARMER.

JAMES A. B. DILWORTH.

The average farmer cannot possibly derive any benefit from Protective Tariffs. It should need no argument to convince him of that fact; nor would it, were it not that there is always something charming in sophistry. As the serpent charms the victim bird so does the sophistry of the protectionist charm the farmer, who is effected by it. There is no logic in the snake's glassy eyes, but they are potent to charm the bird to its detriment, if not to its destruction. No less potent for the injury of the farmer, appears to be the beautiful and captivating sophistry of Major McKinley and his associate protective tariff advocates.

What possible benefits can the present tariff laws be to the farmers, farm-workers, and they who assist in the various forms of co-operation in the production of the crops of the Maryland and Delaware Peninsular. And this section fairly illustrates the agricultural interests of the United States. It is true that a duty has been imposed upon corn, wheat, potatoes, peas, beans, fruits, etc., but as corn and wheat are the great staples of this country, and produced in such great quantities, in excess of the wants of the country, and can be sold here cheaper, or for less price than anywhere else in the world, certainly no farmer gets greater prices for his corn and wheat because of those protective duties. The potatoes produced are only occasionally protected, because only very rarely can foreign potatoes, if imported free of duty, be sold at so low a price as that for which Peninsular potatoes are sold. And when there is a scarcity of potatoes grown in the great potato sections, it more frequently occurs than otherwise, that the Peninsular potato crop is not large enough to supply home consumption, and farmers themselves are generally compelled to do without potatoes or buy much of their supply. And even admitting that the Peninsular potato growers do, in the scarce years, have good crops of this vegetable, and the prices of potatoes are advanced to the full extent of the tariff duties, how do the people of that Peninsular profit by that short crop elsewhere, and high prices of potatoes on the Peninsular? Perhaps not more than one thousand growers or farmers on the Peninsular will have a surplus of potatoes during the winter and spring season—the only period of the year when the duty on potatoes will advance prices of that vegetable—but there will be fully 100,000 men who have no potatoes and who want to buy them. It is true, that 1000 farmers might be benefitted, in this case, but by taxing 100,000 other people for this benefit.

Now let us see if even the 1000 men who have potatoes to sell are benefited by the protective tariff. We will assume as an illustration, that these 1000 farmers have each 200 bushels of potatoes (but there is never any such surplus on the Peninsular as 2000,000 bushels.) The annual products of the county is about 200,000-000 bushels and last year there were exported 341,189 bushels, and there were imported 5,225,914 bushels. There is now a tariff of 25 cents per bushel. Under the tariff act of 1883, the duty was but 15 cents per bushel. But the good protectionist, McKinley, added 10 cents more, as the serpent gave an extra shine to his glassy eyes, and now potato growers are protected to the extent of 25 cents per bushel.

Assuming that the averaged Peninsular grower who has potatoes to sell should get the entire protective duty added to the value of his potatoes, and thereby collect from the man to whom he sells them, 25 cents per bushel more than otherwise could get, it would give him a special benefit of $50.

Now what does he pay out for that protection? How much does it cost him? Let us see. Each yard of flannel used by himself or family, each piece of dress goods, each article of clothing, could have been purchased by him for fully 40 per cent. less; excepting for the few cotton goods purchased by him, than he is now compelled to pay for them. Assuming that he bought fifty dollars worth of such clothing in the year for himself and family, he has been compelled to pay out $20 on those items for his protection on potatoes. The coffee and sugar he uses in his family costs him more than they should cost, even if these two articles are on the free list, because of the unnatural obstruction to free exchange of commodities. The refined sugar is protected by a duty of a half cent per pound, and if the farmer's family uses but a pound of sugar per day, he is taxed at least a half cent per day on that item. He is taxed from a half cent to 5 cents per pound on all the iron which makes his farm implements, and he is taxed several dollars per ton on the fertilizers which he uses on his farm, and if he should use only ten tons per year he would pay out nearly or quite fifty dollars on that article alone to pay for that protection of fifty dollars which he has secured under the McKinley bill, on his potatoes. Nor does he yet reach the end of the cost which that fifty dollars protection puts him to. He pays a fifth more at least, for each tin utensil he uses. The crockery and glassware he buys costs him fully a third more then it otherwise would cost him. The condiments with which he makes his food palatable; the blanket which keeps him warm on the winter nights, the misquito nets, and wire screens which permits him to rest during the warm summer nights; the window glass which permits his house to be lighted in day time; and the coal oil lamp which lights it at night; the carpets and mattings on the floor of his house which adds to his comforts, and without which he is uncomfortable, all cost him more money than he otherwise would have to pay and if he is a prosperous farmer the $50 protection which on occasional years is accorded him on his potato crop costs him annually upwards of one hundred dollars.

That charming and loving friend of the American farmer and farmworker, the Republican Protectionist, perverts figures, not to enlighten but to deceive men, and the man who tells the farmer, whether that gentleman be Senator Aldrich or Major McKinley, that taxing productions cheapens commodities, like the serpent, seeks to fascinate by charming insincerity (common name falsehood.) And those newspapers which lend their columns to the presentation of figures to show that the extra tax on tinplate has cheapened tin pails or extra duty on knit goods has cheapened underwear, assume that most of their readers are wonderfully dull of understanding, or they are well paid for propegating falsehoods.

For Over Fifty years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winlow's Soothing Syrup." m-5-1 y.

BEST MADE CLOTHING IN PHILADELPHIA.

Our Serges will enable you to keep cool. They are in blue, black and gray, and range from $10 to $25. The $14 suit is a happy medium and very popular, combining style, durability and everything requisite for comfort.

A breezy line of Negligee Shirts White and Fancy Flannel Coats, Black and Fancy Alapaccas, at moderate cost.

Everybody is getting onto our Bathing Suits---before long everybody will be getting into them.

A. C. YATES & CO.

COR. 13th AND CHESTNUT STS.

PHILADELPHIA.

W. A. COMEGYS,

AGENT FOR THE PURCHASE OF

Grain and Fruit.

ALSO, FOR THE SALE OF

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

☞ THE WELL-KNOWN

Osborn Binders and Mowers,

With a Full Line of Repairs for same always on hand.

WANTED:

100,000 BUS OF NEW WHEAT,

FOR E. L. ROGERS & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Reference—CASH ON DELIVERY.

W. A. COMEGYS,

may14 tf6 MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

DR. T. H. GILPIN,

DENTIST,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL

☞ OFFICE—CORNER OF MAIN AND SCOTT STREETS.

Teeth extracted without pain. NITROUS OXIDE GAS ADMINISTERED.

OFFICE HOURS:

Eight-thirty to twelve A. M., and one to four P. M.

Having enlarged my office and added many new conveniences, I am able to offer my patients much greater comfort while under treatment than in the past. Sept 19-tf.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Farmers, Look to Your Interest!

PARVIS & WILLIAMS CO.

TRADE MARK.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Globe Guano,
Soluble Bone and Potash,
Delaware Soluble Bone.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST FERTILIZERS ON THE MARKET.

☞ **Also, Dealers in Fertilizer Materials of all Kinds**

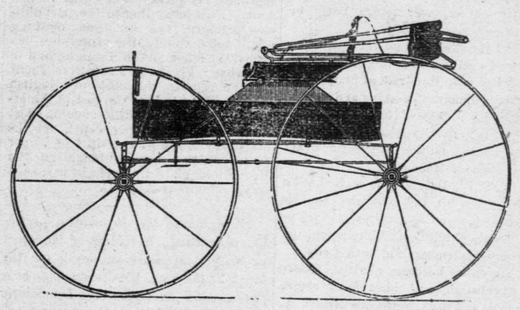
Drilling condition guaranteed on all goods before leaving the factory.

Parvis & Williams Company,

apr14tf MIDDLETOWN, DEL

DUGGAN CARRIAGE WORKS.

ODESSA, DELAWARE.



Manufacturer of light and heavy Carriages, for sale and to order.

PAINTING AND REPAIRING

NEATLY, QUICKLY AND CHEAPLY DONE

Prices Moderate and Satisfaction Assured.

Correspondence solicited. F. DUGGAN, Proprietor.

GLYNRICH LAND COMPANY,

No. 1005 1-2 Market Street,
Wilmington, Del.

Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Delaware.

Buys and Sells All kinds of Real Estate on the Peninsula of Del., Maryland and Va. **Buys and Sells**

Farm Lands a Specialty.

IF you have a farm for sale or want to dispose of part of your farm, place it in our hands and we shall use our best endeavors to send you a purchaser. We are getting up a list of Peninsula farms to be published in our prospectus, which will be distributed *judiciously throughout the United States*, and will at the very lowest estimate reach

5,000 POSSIBLE PURCHASERS.

We Solicit Correspondence.

We mean business, and if you will write us, by fair treatment and just business principles we hope to win your confidence. This is not a "boom" but merely a legitimate effort to attract purchasers to the Peninsula and show them its superior advantages.

WE DO THE ADVERTISING WITHOUT EXPENSE TO OWNER.

Address all communications to

Glynrich Land Company.

CAPITAL, - - $500.000.00.
SURPLUS, - - $70,000.00.

Security Trust and Safe Deposit Company,

519 MARKET ST., WILMINGTON, DEL.

MONEY UNEMPLOYED or waiting investment can be made to earn you interest if deposited with this company.

INTEREST PAID on deposits of money as follows: 2 per cent on deposits payable on demand, by check, same as banks; 2¾ per cent on deposits payable after 10 days' notice; 3 per cent on deposits payable after 30 days' notice. Special rates for large sums to remain for a year or longer.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the accounts of Ladies, also to those of Executors, Administrators, Trustees, Guardians and Receivers.

The Company acts by authority of law as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Receiver and Agent, and executes trusts of every description.

Correspondence solicited and full information furnished concerning any branch of the Company's business. Satisfaction guaranteed. Send for pamphlet.

BENJ. NIELDS, President. JAS. B. CLARKSON, Treas. & Sec.
H. C. ROBINSON, Vice President. JNO. S. ROSEWELL, Trust Officer.

DIRECTORS:

Benjamin Nields, Henry C. Robinson, Phillip Plunkett, James A. Hart, Henry F. Dure, Wm. P. Bancroft, Wm. J. McClary, Jos. H. Chandler, M D, J. Davis Sisler, William M. Field, Charles E. Fritz, Archibald A. Capelle, Wm. R. Brinckle, Samuel G. Simmons. may1-1y

Miss Addie Hazzard

TEACHER OF

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

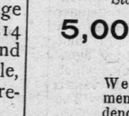
(PIANO OR ORGAN.)

Fall Term Will Begin Sept. 15th.

$10 PER TERM.

MIDDLETOWN - DELAWARE

2sep-tf



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

The Consumptive and Feeble and all who suffer from exhausting diseases should use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Female weakness, Rheumatism and Pain. 50c. & $1.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15cts. at Druggists.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A COMMODIUS and conveniently located dwelling on the corner of Broad and Crawford Streets, with garden attached. Immediate possession given. For terms apply to THE MISSES BURNHAM,
MIDDLETOWN, DEC., 1891.

PHILOSOPHY OF TROUSERS.

The Bag at the Knees Is a Sign of High Intellectual Development.

The intention of Providence is nowhere made more clear than in the decree that the outer bifurcated garment of the male human animal shall, after a suitable period of utility, bag at the points of genuflexion. This feature of man's attire is in many ways a mark of superiority; and, instead of combating the tendency of which it is a result, the man of true and honest pride in his manhood will be satisfied, yea gratified, to see nature take its course. His contentment will be second only to that with which he notes the whitening of his hair, which, going on while his vigor of mind and body remains as it should be in his prime, becomes the most honorable decoration that it is possible for man to wear.

The bagging of his trousers at the knees proclaims that man is animate; the chintz coverings on the fluted legs of village pianos show no intermediate bagging. It is a mark of humanity as distinguished from the lower orders of animals; the stork, one of the most conspicuous of creatures in the matter of legs, shows no bagging at the knees. The only brute that displays this tendency in a noticeable degree is the elephant, and it is significant that he, of the brute creation, is the creature that comes next to man in intelligence, kindliness, and the other qualities that go to make man superior among created things.

Man's baggy appearance about the knees is also a badge of usefulness; the dude and other creatures that are placed on earth to fill chinks in the economy of creation do not bag at the knees; but the dude is an incomplete entity by himself. Without his "man" he is practically nonexistent; and in his man we find the characteristic and everpresent evidence of superiority—his trousers bag at the knees, unless the dude makes this impossible by putting him in a livery that does not include trousers. That the bagging of one's trousers at the knees is an evidence of piety is so plain that there is no occasion for saying more on this point.

There is no plane of existence inferior to that of useful manhood in which generous bagging at the knees is an unfailing characteristic of its occupants. It is natural and necessary that the trousers of man should bag at the knees. It is unnatural and unnecessary to oppose this tendency, and the ninety and nine who look down and see their kneepans outlined and magnified midway of their trousers legs should feel pride and not humiliation in the presence of the one whose trousers legs conform to the equation of a straight line.—New York Sun.

Possibilities of Tree Planting.

Seventy-five years ago Thomas L. Walker, then a mere boy, planted four walnuts by the roadside opposite his father's house near Cedar Bluff, and some ten miles west of Knoxville. He died ten years ago, yet he lived to see four walnut trees grow to a measure of four feet in diameter, worth, if cut and properly seasoned, at least $400 each. Had he planted 300 walnuts on an adjoining acre of ground his heirs when he died would have been $120,000 better off. Today they would be $200,000 better off. Had he planted ten acres they would be worth at least $2,000,000.

Had he planted a hundred acres, and all the trees had reached an average of three feet in diameter, and there is no reason why they shouldn't, as the land is fertile and impregnated with lime, his heirs, and there are only three living, would be worth altogether $200,000,000. If, like old Johnny Appleseed, who planted thousands of apple trees in the northwest, he had planted all the worn out fields in Tennessee in walnuts, it would be the richest state in the Union by far.—Knoxville Journal.

Airing Rooms Before Retiring.

Persons of the boarding fraternity, who occupy during the evening the same room in which they sleep, will do well to observe the simple precaution of a thorough airing just before bedtime. Two or three gas burners will in a couple of hours completely exhaust the pure air of a large room, and the mere lowering of a window from the top, with no cross draft, will not restore the oxygen with sufficient promptness.

The process is slow by this means, and the sleeper will probably get a headache for the morning, or bad dreams at least, before it is accomplished. Set door and window wide open, turn off all burners save one, and that to a star, and let the air sweep through for fifteen minutes. Then the room, with the window slightly lowered and raised, will be suitable to sleep in.—New York Times.

Floors Made of Paper.

The wide adaptability of paper is regarded as likely to lead to a solution of the problem of rendering dwellings and business structures fireproof. It is now found that paper can be made perfectly fireproof, while remaining amenable to the same treatment, in the matter of coloring, polish and handling, as most woods. Such a material offers all the advantages of an ideal substance for floors, and it can be used equally well for the walls of buildings. Besides this it can be utilized in the finish and furniture of houses.—New York Telegram.

Used Varnish Instead of Oil.

One of Doylestown's expert carpenters, having an unusually tough piece of timber to cut, put on his saw an extra greasing of what he supposed to be fine oil. He found it to be the toughest job he ever undertook, and finally the saw came to a halt and refused to budge. Removing the saw the carpenter found he had used varnish on it instead of oil. The joke was on the carpenter.—Doylestown Democrat.

The Other Entrance.

"Come in this way," a young woman was overheard to say recently, taking her companion past the main entrance of one of the large dry goods shops to the door opening from a cross street. "What's this for?" she was asked. "Oh, this is the carriage entrance. I always go in such when I can. There is a brief but pleasurable distinction, and—life is made up of trifles, you know."—New York Times.

Miscellaneous Adv's.

MORE CLOTHING THAN WE NEED!

We have too much summer clothing on hand; more than we need for this season of the year—we must make room for fall and winter clothing. We have concluded to make a large mark-down on our present stock of summer clothing which consists of fine Homespun Suitings, Fancy Serge Suitings, Cassimere Pants and Suits, etc.

A dollar invested with us now produces as much value as two dollars at the opening of the season.

OUR LOSS IS YOUR GAIN!

Children's Suits, marked down to 2.50, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00.
Boys' Suits marked down to 4.00, 5.00, 6.00.
Men's suits marked down to 8.00, 10.00, 13.00.
Everything reduced to make room. Clothing sent to all parts of the United States.

Campaign Outfitters.

Send for our circular containing list of prices for marching campaign uniforms, of which we have Windsor Cloth Capes, Domet Norfolk Jackets, Caps, Torches, Leggins, Shirts, etc.

GARITEE, SON & ALLEN,

TOWER HALL,

518 MARKET STREET,

511 & 513 Minor Street, Phila.

Go to the New Furniture Store South Broad St.

or the following articles:

PARLOR and CHAMBER SUITS,
Side Boards, Chiffoniers,
Hat or Hall Stands,
Extension and Centre Tables,
Bed Steads, Bureaus,
Wash Stands, Commodes, Chairs.
Rockers, Office Desks,

Artistic Furniture, Window Shades, Furniture Coverings, Table Covers and Pillow Sham Holders.

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

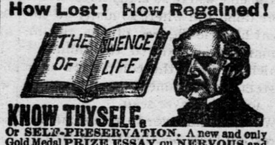
J. H. Emerson,

Undertaker and Funeral Director,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

MANHOOD!

How Lost! How Regained!



KNOW THYSELF. OR SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 500 pages, cloth, gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. **FREE! SEND NOW.**

Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVIOLABLE SECRECY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equal.—*Herald.*

The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation, is a treasure more valuable than gold. Read it now, every WEAK and NERVOUS man, and learn to be STRONG.—*Medical Review.* (Copyrighted.)

DIRECT TAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that the original Direct Tax List, containing the the names of persons in the State of Delaware who paid the Direct Tax on Real Estate in 1868, has been delivered to me by the Internal Revenue Department, and that all persons whose names appear on the said List will be entitled to have the amount paid by them as shown by the said List, refunded and notice will be given hereafter at what times and places I will attend for the purpose of receiving the claims for Taxes to be so refunded. J. FRANK WILDS,
Commissioner.

Dover, July 11th, 1891

John W. Jolls.

DEALER IN

Flour, Feed, Coal and Seeds.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO

GRAIN and PEACHES

MIDDLETOWN DEL.

A. HAYDEN,

AUCTIONEER,

TAYLORS' BRIDGE, DEL.

Sales of every kind called at short notice and at reasonable rates. Has had the benefit of many years' experience.

To save expense and inconvenience of persons residing in this neighborhood I have made arrangements with W. R. Reynolds to receive orders and give particulars at his store in Middletown. nov19

FOR SALE.

The Murphey farms, containing respectively 160 acres and 220 acres. These are nice homes, and will be sold on reasonable terms as worth the money.

feb4-tf GEO. W. INGRAM.

Miscellaneous Adv's.

Lumber!
Hardware!
Mill Work!
Paints!
Fencing Wires!
Coal, hard & soft.
Wood, ready sawed!
Building Lime!
Agricultural Lime!
Drain Tile!
&c., &c., &.

Large Variety! Best Quality! Lowest Prices!

G. E HUKILL,

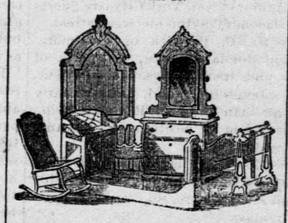
Middletown, Del.

WM. J. WILSON,

[SUCCESSOR TO THE LATE]

GEO. W. WILSON

DEALER IN



Fine Furniture!

Such as Parlor and Bed Room Suits, Tables Looking Glasses and everything in the Furniture Line.

Upholstering and Repairing

A SPECIALTY.

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

EMBALMING, OR IF DESIRED, PUT IN ICE.

Having had an experience of ten years in the business with my father, I feel fully competent to continue the business in all its branches at the old stand and solicit the patronage which was so generously bestowed upon the late George W. Wilson.

Telegraph Messages promptly attended to.

WM. J. WILSON,
Furnishing Undertaker, Corner Broad and Green Sts., just below Citizens' Bank,
4-tf Middletown, Delaware

Jefferson B. Foard,

Commission Merchant!

Grain, Fruit and Implements,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR GRAIN ON DELIVERY.

AGENT FOR THE

Buckeye Binders and Mowers.

CLIFTON HAY RAKE,

Farmers' Friend Corn Planter,

Oliver Chilled Plows and Castings,

Pennsylvania Grain Drill,

Binder Twine, &c.

☞ A full supply of the above on hand with castings for same at very low prices.

JEFFERSON B. FOARD,

By R. J. FOARD, Attorney

EUREKA!

THE

BOSS WASHING MACHINE OF THE DAY!

The Crystal Washer.

Sold by W. L. STUART, of Middletown, Del.

One family and two farm washings done in one day and 14 miles traveled, resulting in five sales. It sells itself. Needs no persuasion. Works light and quick. ☞ No rubbing after it on collars, wristbands, &c. Try it before buying and avoid shedding tears of regret.

RESPECTFULLY,

W. L. STUART.

DOCTOR

538 North Fourth Street, below Green, Philadelphia. The only physician able to cure where the most justly celebrated physicians fail.

SURE **THEEL** CURE

All effects of youthful indiscretion (both sexes), Blood Poison, Seminal Stricture, Hydrocele, Ulcers, Painful Swellings, Pimples, Poor Memory, Nervousness and Debility. Relieves worst cases at once; cures fresh cases in 4 to 10 days. Twenty-six years' experience. Send 4 cts. in stamps for "Book Truth," exposing every form of Quackery. It is a true friend to old, young and middle-aged, and those contemplating marriage. Thousands who come for a scientific examination pronounce Dr. Theel the greatest of all Physicians. Dr. Theel cures cases that no one else can. Thousands of references. Hours, 9 to 3; Evenings, 6 to 9: Wednesday and Saturday evenings, 6 to 10. SPECIAL HOURS for dangerous and severe cases: Daily, 10 to 1; Saturdays, 10 to 3; Saturday evenings only, 6 to 7.30; Sundays, 9 to 12. Write or call.

The Traveler.

Phila. Wilm. and Baltimore R. R

Delaware Division.

On and after June 20, 1892, trains will leave as follows:—

	NORTHWARD. PASS A.M.	EXP. A.M.	PASS. P.M.	PASS. P.M.
Delmar,			$8.05	$3.55
Laurel,			8.16	4.06
Seaford,			8.28	4.17
Cannons,			8.36	4.24
Bridgeville,			8.42	4.29
Greenwood,			8.51	4.38
Farmington,			8.59	4.47
Harrington,		$7.50	9.11	5.00
Felton,		7.59	9.20	5.09
Viola,		8.03	9.23	5.13
Woodside,		8.07	9.26	5.17
Wyoming,	$7.00	8.14	9.33	5.24
Dover,	7.06	8.20	9.40	5.31
Dupont,	7.09			
Cheswold,	7.15		9.49	5.40
Brenford,	7.19		9.55	5.47
Smyrna Ave	7.15	8.28	9.51	5.33
Clayton,	7.24	8.37	10.01	5.53
Green Spring,	7.28			5.59
Blackbird	7.35		10.11	6.04
Townsend,	7.40	8.50	10.16	6.09
Middletown	7.49	9.00	*10.25	6.18
Armstrong,	7.52			6.22
Mt. Pleasant,	7.57		10.33	6.28
Kirkwood,	8.06		10.42	6.38
Porter's,	8.12	9.19	10.46	6.43
Bear	8.17		10.51	6.48
State Road,	8.22		10.56	6.53
New Castle,	8.28	9.31	11.02	7.00
Farnhurst	8.33			
Wilmington,	8.43	9.42	11.15	7.13
Baltimore,	10.37	11.10	12.35	9.25
Philadelphia,	9.32	10.32	12.01	7.59

	SOUTHWARD. PASS. A.M.	EXP. A.M.	PASS. P.M.	PASS. P.M.
Philadelphia,	$7.27	$10.33	$2.02	$3.53
Baltimore,	6.30	8.50	1.20	3.05
Wilmington,	8.15	11.18	2.50	4.37
Farnhurst	13.24			
New Castle,	8.36		3.01	
State Road,	15.36		13.07	
Bear	13.41		13.12	
Porter's	8.50		13.17	14.58
Kirkwood,	8.54	111.43	13.21	
Mt. Pleasant,	9.03		13.29	
Armstrong,	19.05			
Middletown	9.11	11.59	3.37	5.22
Townsend,	9.20		13.45	5.30
Blackbird,	19.25		13.49	
Green Spring,	19.31		13.55	
Clayton,	9.37	12.17	3.59	5.43
Smyrna Ave	9.27	12.03	3.50	5.33
Brenford,	19.42		14.04	
Cheswold	19.46		14.10	
Dupont,			14.13	
Dover,	9.59	12.33	4.19	6.00
Wyoming,	10.05	112.39	4.26	
Woodside	110.13		14.33	
Viola	110.17		14.37	
Felton,	10.22	112.50	4.41	6.18
Harrington,	10.35	1.01	4.50	6.30
Farmington	110.42	11.07		16.38
Greenwood,	110.51	11.14		16.46
Bridgeville,	11.00	11.22		6.55
Cannons	111.05			17.00
Seaford,	11.15	1.33		7.08
Laurel,	11.27	11.44		7.19
Delmar,	11.40	1.53		7.30

‖Daily. §Daily except Sunday.

"a" Stops to leave passengers from Wilmington and points north, or take passengers for points south of Delmar.

"f" Stops on signal, or no notice to conductor.

"h" Stops to leave passengers from Wilmington or points south.

"p" Stops to leave passengers from points south of Delmar, or take passengers for Wilmington or points north, and Lower.

"t" Stops to let off passengers from points south of Harrington.

NEWCASTLE ACCOMMODATION TRAINS—Leave Wilmington at 12.06 a.m. and 9.50 p.m. daily, and 11.23 a.m., 2.50 4.40 and 6.15 p.m., week days. Leave New Castle at 6.30 a.m. and 10.14 p.m. daily and 1.20, 4.15, 5.35 and 7.22 p.m. week-days.

Express trains leaving Harrington 7.50 a.m., and arriving at 6.31 p.m., week days, run through solid to and from Baltimore, via Porters and Newark.

BRANCH ROADS.

DELAWARE, MARYLAND & VIRGINIA R R.—Leave Harrington for Franklin and way stations at 10.30 a.m. week-days 6.35 p.m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Returning, train leaves Franklin 6.00 a.m. week-days, 2.00 p.m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave Harrington for Georgetown, and Lewes, 10.38 a.m., 6.35 p.m. Returning, leave Lewes 7.35 a.m., 3.30 p.m.

For Rehoboth leave Harrington, 10.38 a.m and 6.35 p.m. week-days. Returning, leave Rehoboth 7.20 a.m. 3.15 p.m week-days.

For Berlin, leave Harrington 10.38 a.m. week- days and 6.35 p.m. Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturday. Returning, leave Berlin 7.02 a.m. week-days, 2.59 p.m. Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturdays.

For Chincoteague Island, train leaving Harrington 10.38 a.m. week-days, connects at Franklin City with steamer for Chincoteague Island. Returning, steamer leaves 5.00 a.m. connecting with train arriving at Harrington 9.01 a.m. week-days.

QUEEN ANNE & KENT R. R.—Leave Townsend for Centreville and way stations 9.25 a.m., and 5.35 p.m., week-days. Returning, leave Centreville 7.30 a.m., and 3.00 p.m. week-days.

DELAWARE & CHESAPEAKE R. R.—Leave Clayton for Oxford and way stations 9.42 a.m., 5.55 p.m., week-days. Returning leave Oxford 6.30 a.m., and 3.10 p.m., week-days.

CAMBRIDGE & SEAFORD R. R.—Leave Seaford for Cambridge and intermediate stations 11.20 a.m., week-days, and on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 7.10 p.m. Returning, leave Cambridge 6.30 a.m., and on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 3.00 p.m.

CONNECTION.—At Porter with Newark & Delaware City railroad. At Townsend, with Queen Anne's and Kent Rail Road. At Clayton, with Delaware and Chesapeake Rail Road and Baltimore and Delaware Bay Railroad. At Harrington, with Delaware, Maryland & Virginia Railroad. At Seaford, with Cambridge and Seaford Rail Road. At Delmar, with New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk, Wicomico & Pocomoke, and Peninsular Railroads.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager
J. R. WOOD Gen. Pass. Agent

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself and family to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value for prices asked, as thousands will testify.

☞ TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. ☜

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.

A genuine sewed shoe, *that will not rip*, fine calf, seamless smooth inside, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from $4 to $6.

$4 and $5 Hand-sewed, fine calf shoes. The most stylish, easy and durable shoes ever sold at the price. They equal fine imported shoes costing from $8 to $12.

$3.50 Police Shoe, worn by farmers and all others who want a good heavy calf, three soled, extension edge shoe, easy to walk in, and will keep the feet dry and warm.

$2.50 Fine Calf, $2.25 and $2.00 Workingmen's Shoes will give more wear for the money than any other make. They are made for service. The increasing sales show that workingmen have found this out.

Boys' $2.00 and Youths' $1.75 School Shoes are worn by the boys everywhere. The most serviceable shoes sold at the prices.

Ladies' $3.00 Hand-sewed, $2.50. $2.00 and $1.75 Shoes for Misses are made of the best Dongola or fine Calf, as desired. They are very stylish, comfortable and durable. The $3.00 shoe equals custom made shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00. Ladies who wish to economize in their footwear are finding this out.

Caution.—W. L. Douglas' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe; look for it when you buy. Beware of dealers attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent and subject to prosecution by law for obtaining money under false pretences.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

— FOR SALE BY —

S. M. REYNOLDS & Co.

ENGRAVING!

We are now prepared to furnish our customers with anything in this line they may desire. Visiting cards, *at fair prices.*

☞ The latest styles of cards and type are used and the workmanship is the best. Give us your order.

For Sale.

A nearly new improved Adams Windmill, 34 foot tower and pump. Also an Evans & Healings's horizontal Milk Aerator; both of these for sale cheap. Address, for particulars. BOX 225,
Delaware City, Del.

☞ The best advertising medium—THE TRANSCRIPT.